UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

■ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2025

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number: 000-51404

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK OF INDIANAPOLIS

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Federally Chartered Corporation

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

35-6001443 (IRS employer identification number)

8250 Woodfield Crossing Blvd. Indianapolis, IN

(Address of principal executive offices)

46240

(Zip code)

(317) 465-0200

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report.)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s) Name of each exchange on which region						
None	None	None					
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (o subject to such filing for the past 90 days.		Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange required to file such reports), and (2) has been					
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this consequired to submit such files).	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant i company, or an emerging growth company. See and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2	e the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "a	a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting					
☐ Large accelerated filer	☐ Accelerated filer	☐ Emerging growth company					
■ Non-accelerated filer	☐ Smaller reporting company						

with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. □

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying

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Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Shares outstanding

□ Yes

as of July 31, 2025

Class A Stock, par value \$100

Class B Stock, par value \$100 29,324,197

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As used in this Form 10-Q, unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "we," "us," "our," and "Bank" refer to the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis or its management. We use acronyms and terms throughout that are defined herein or in the *Defined Terms* in Part I Item 1.

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Statements in this Form 10-Q, including statements describing our objectives, projections, estimates or predictions, may be considered to be "forward-looking statements." These statements may use forward-looking terminology, such as "anticipates," "believes," "could," "estimates," "may," "should," "expects," "will," or their negatives or other variations on these terms. We caution that, by their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk or uncertainty and that actual results either could differ materially from those expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements or could affect the extent to which a particular objective, projection, estimate, or prediction is realized. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties including, but not limited to, the following:

- economic and market conditions, including the timing and volume of market activity, inflation or deflation, changes in the value of global currencies, and changes in the financial condition of market participants;
- volatility of market prices, interest rates, and indices or the availability of suitable interest rate indices, or other factors, resulting from the effects of, and changes in, various monetary or fiscal policies and regulations, including those of the Federal Reserve, the Finance Agency and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or a decline in liquidity in the financial markets, that could affect the value of investments, or collateral we hold as security for the obligations of our members and counterparties;
- changes in demand for our advances and purchases of mortgage loans resulting from:
 - changes in our members' deposit flows and credit demands;
 - changes in products or services we are able to provide;
 - federal or state regulatory developments impacting suitability or eligibility of membership classes;
 - membership changes, including, but not limited to, mergers, acquisitions and consolidations of charters;
 - changes in the general level of housing activity in the United States and particularly our district states of Michigan and Indiana, the level of refinancing activity and consumer product preferences;
 - o competitive forces, including, without limitation, other sources of funding available to our members; and
 - changes in the terms and conditions of ownership of our capital stock;
- changes in mortgage asset prepayment patterns, delinquency rates and housing values or improper or inadequate mortgage originations and mortgage servicing;
- our ability to introduce and successfully manage new products and services, including new types of collateral securing advances;
- political events, including federal government shutdowns, administrative, legislative, regulatory, or other
 developments, including the Finance Agency report on the FHLBank System, changes in international political
 structures and alliances, and judicial rulings that affect us, our status as a secured creditor, our members (or certain
 classes of members), prospective members, counterparties, GSEs generally, one or more of the FHLBanks and/or
 investors in the consolidated obligations of the FHLBanks;
- national or international crises, including a pandemic, war, acts of terrorism or natural disasters, and the effects of such
 crises on our and our counterparties' operations, member demand, market liquidity, and the global funding markets,
 and the governmental, regulatory, and fiscal interventions undertaken to stabilize local, national, and global economic
 conditions;
- our ability to access the capital markets and raise capital market funding on acceptable terms;
- changes in our credit ratings or the credit ratings of the other FHLBanks and the FHLBank System;
- changes in the level of government guarantees provided to other United States and international financial institutions;
- dealer commitment to supporting the issuance of our consolidated obligations;
- the ability of one or more of the FHLBanks to repay its portion of the consolidated obligations, or otherwise meet its financial obligations;
- our ability to attract and retain skilled personnel;
- our ability to develop, implement and support technology and information systems sufficient to manage our business effectively and prevent or mitigate the impact of cyber attacks;
- the nonperformance of counterparties to uncleared and cleared derivative transactions;
- changes in terms of our derivative agreements and similar agreements;
- losses arising from natural disasters, acts of war, riots, insurrection or acts of terrorism;
- changes in or differing interpretations of accounting guidance; and
- other risk factors identified in our filings with the SEC.

Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, additional disclosures may be made through reports filed with the SEC in the future, including our reports on Forms 10-K, 10-Q and 8-K.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION Item 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis Statements of Condition

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands, except par value)

` · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	J	une 30, 2025	Dec	cember 31, 2024
Assets:				
Cash and due from banks	\$	57,799	\$	70,849
Interest-bearing deposits (Note 3)		1,266,851		856,882
Securities purchased under agreements to resell (Note 3)		9,700,000		7,500,000
Federal funds sold (Note 3)		4,144,000		3,395,000
Trading securities (Note 3)		1,097,184		1,087,930
Available-for-sale securities (amortized cost of \$14,635,395 and \$14,338,221) (Note 3)		14,607,670		14,349,889
Held-to-maturity securities (estimated fair values of \$5,949,921 and \$5,796,792) (Note 3)		5,998,916		5,839,377
Advances (Note 4)		41,342,776		39,832,992
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net (Note 5)		12,017,966		10,795,516
Accrued interest receivable		217,194		207,387
Derivative assets, net (Note 6)		445,192		478,067
Other assets		124,569		120,702
Total assets	\$	91,020,117	\$	84,534,591
Liabilities:				
Deposits	\$	769,614	\$	913,112
Consolidated obligations (Note 7):				
Discount notes		30,216,114		25,182,336
Bonds		53,683,325		52,903,029
Total consolidated obligations, net		83,899,439		78,085,365
Loans from other FHLBanks		700,000		_
Accrued interest payable		381,018		360,905
Affordable Housing Program payable (Note 8)		88,820		92,520
Derivative liabilities, net (Note 6)		7,746		9,302
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock (Note 9)		291,617		363,004
Other liabilities		566,804		475,717
Total liabilities		86,705,058		80,299,925
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)				
Capital (Note 9):				
Capital stock (putable at par value of \$100 per share):				
Class B issued and outstanding shares: 26,122,229 and 25,553,939		2,612,223		2,555,394
Retained earnings:		,- , -		, ,
Unrestricted		1,246,516		1,217,750
Restricted		499,205		466,362
Total retained earnings		1,745,721		1,684,112
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (Note 10)		(42,885)		(4,840)
Total capital		4,315,059		4,234,666
Total liabilities and capital	\$	91,020,117	\$	84,534,591
r		- ,		- ,,

Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis Statements of Income

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands)

		Three Mo			Six Months Ended June 30,					
		2025		2024		2025	2024			
Interest Income:	Ф	100 767	Φ	500 207	C	020 270	C	1 022 144		
Advances Interest-bearing deposits	\$	482,767 22,880	\$	508,287 30,167	\$	929,379 45,934	\$	1,023,144 60,548		
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		43,430		46,254		98,661		68,236		
Federal funds sold		41,944		54,368		72,494		121,854		
Trading securities		10,409		8,797		20,738		13,964		
Available-for-sale securities		183,250		222,574		365,012		442,941		
Held-to-maturity securities		77,084		79,187		153,547		156,933		
Mortgage loans held for portfolio		124,892		84,309		240,883		162,299		
Total interest income		986,656		1,033,943		1,926,648		2,049,919		
Interest Expense:										
Consolidated obligation discount notes		263,623		248,701		493,021		498,956		
Consolidated obligation bonds		581,667		643,171		1,151,535		1,264,584		
Deposits		9,432		11,672		19,650		21,238		
Mandatorily redeemable capital stock		4,185		5,505		8,848		10,848		
Total interest expense		858,907		909,049		1,673,054		1,795,626		
Net interest income		127,749		124,894		253,594		254,293		
Provision for (reversal of) credit losses		(33)		(21)		(6)		(46)		
Net interest income after provision for (reversal of) credit losses		127,782		124,915		253,600		254,339		
Other Income:										
Net gains on sales of available-for-sale securities		_		1,840		2,704		1,840		
Net gains (losses) on trading securities		2,332		3,203		9,253		(1,368)		
Net gains (losses) on derivatives		270		(644)		(9,933)		8,480		
Other, net		6,409		2,334		6,950		7,139		
Total other income		9,011		6,733		8,974		16,091		
Other Expenses:										
Compensation and benefits		17,167		15,250		34,466		31,790		
Other operating expenses		9,513		9,010		17,978		17,295		
Federal Housing Finance Agency		1,793		1,396		3,585		2,792		
Office of Finance		1,218		1,232		3,368		2,756		
Voluntary contributions to housing and community investment		5,397		3,750		16,585		7,442		
Other, net	_	1,581		1,635		3,148		2,972		
Total other expenses		36,669	_	32,273		79,130		65,047		
Income before assessments		100,124		99,375		183,444		205,383		
Affordable Housing Program assessments		10,431		10,488		19,229		21,623		
Net income	\$	89,693	\$	88,887	\$	164,215	\$	183,760		

Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis Statements of Comprehensive Income

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands)

	Three Mon	 	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2025	 2024		2025		2024	
Net income	\$ 89,693	\$ 88,887	\$	164,215	\$	183,760	
Other Comprehensive Income:							
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on available- for-sale securities	(39,710)	(8,914)		(39,393)		92,402	
Pension benefits, net	1,036	(2,433)		1,348		(2,189)	
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	(38,674)	(11,347)	_	(38,045)		90,213	
Total comprehensive income	\$ 51,019	\$ 77,540	\$	126,170	\$	273,973	

Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis Statements of Capital

Three Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

(Unaudited, \$ amounts and shares in thousands)

								(ımulated Other	
		al Stock				d Earnin			orehensive	Total
	Shares	Par Value	Uı	restricted	R	estricted	Total	Inco	me (Loss)	Capital
Balance, March 31, 2025	24,836	\$ 2,483,550	\$	1,226,158	\$	481,266	\$1,707,424	\$	(4,211)	\$4,186,763
Comprehensive income (loss)				71,754		17,939	89,693		(38,674)	51,019
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	1,540	154,075								154,075
Shares reclassified to mandatorily redeemable capital stock, net	(254)	(25,402)								(25,402)
Cash dividends on capital stock (8.11% annualized)				(51,396)		_	(51,396)			(51,396)
Balance, June 30, 2025	26,122	\$ 2,612,223	\$	1,246,516	\$	499,205	\$1,745,721	\$	(42,885)	\$4,315,059
Balance, March 31, 2024	23,567	\$ 2,356,708	\$	1,165,835	\$	417,014	\$1,582,849	\$	28,028	\$3,967,585
Comprehensive income (loss)				71,110		17,777	88,887		(11,347)	77,540
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	698	69,847								69,847
Redemption/repurchase of capital stock	(810)	(81,042)								(81,042)
Cash dividends on capital stock (8.23% annualized)				(47,460)		_	(47,460)			(47,460)
Balance, June 30, 2024	23,455	\$ 2,345,513	\$	1,189,485	\$	434,791	\$1,624,276	\$	16,681	\$3,986,470

Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis Statements of Capital

Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

(Unaudited, \$ amounts and shares in thousands)

	Capita	al Stock	Accumulated Other Retained Earnings Comprehensive						Other						. Total
	Shares	Par Value	Uı	nrestricted	R	estricted	Total	Income (Loss)	Capital						
Balance, December 31, 2024	25,554	\$ 2,555,394	\$	1,217,750	\$	466,362	\$1,684,112	\$ (4,840	\$4,234,666						
Comprehensive income (loss)				131,372		32,843	164,215	(38,045) 126,170						
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	1,856	185,628							185,628						
Redemption/repurchase of capital stock	(1,034)	(103,397)							(103,397)						
Shares reclassified to mandatorily redeemable capital stock, net	(254)	(25,402)							(25,402)						
Cash dividends on capital stock (8.13% annualized)				(102,606)		_	(102,606)		(102,606)						
Balance, June 30, 2025	26,122	\$ 2,612,223	\$	1,246,516	\$	499,205	\$1,745,721	\$ (42,885	\$4,315,059						
Balance, December 31, 2023	22,852	\$ 2,285,258	\$	1,134,132	\$	398,039	\$1,532,171	\$ (73,532	\$3,743,897						
Comprehensive income				147,008		36,752	183,760	90,213	273,973						
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock	1,413	141,297							141,297						
Redemption/repurchase of capital stock	(810)	(81,042)							(81,042)						
Cash dividends on capital stock (8.01% annualized)				(91,655)		_	(91,655)		(91,655)						
Balance, June 30, 2024	23,455	\$ 2,345,513	\$	1,189,485	\$	434,791	\$1,624,276	\$ 16,681	\$3,986,470						

Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2025	2024			
Operating Activities:					
Net income	\$ 164,215	\$ 183,760			
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Amortization and depreciation	23,949	10,161			
Changes in net derivative and hedging activities	(482,307)	275,021			
Provision for (reversal of) credit losses	(6)) (46			
Net (gains) losses on trading securities	(9,253)	1,368			
Net (gains) on sales of available-for-sale securities	(2,704)	(1,840			
Changes in:					
Accrued interest receivable	(9,382)	(8,131)			
Other assets	(1,595)	(4,395)			
Accrued interest payable	19,896	30,282			
Other liabilities	6,514	67,087			
Total adjustments, net	(454,888)	369,507			
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(290,673)	553,267			
Investing Activities:					
Net change in:					
Interest-bearing deposits	(276,260)	99,398			
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	(2,200,000)	250,000			
Federal funds sold	(749,000)	(396,000			
Trading securities:					
Proceeds from maturities	_	250,000			
Purchases	_	(727,928			
Available-for-sale securities:					
Proceeds from paydowns and maturities	225,991	_			
Proceeds from sales	221,292	220,763			
Purchases	(242,001)	(423,534			
Held-to-maturity securities:					
Proceeds from paydowns and maturities	339,919	245,119			
Purchases	(501,627)	(384,414			
Advances:					
Principal repayments	259,654,712	109,278,659			
Disbursements to members	(260,821,782)	(110,450,849			
Mortgage loans held for portfolio:					
Principal collections	559,141	402,708			
Purchases from members	(1,781,082)	(1,186,840			
Purchases of premises, software, and equipment	(5,149)	(4,438			
Loans to other Federal Home Loan Banks:					
Principal repayments	1,020,000	47,000			
Disbursements	(1,020,000)				
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(5,575,846)	(2,827,356			
(continued)					

(continued)

Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis

Statements of Cash Flows, continued

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands)

		Six Months Ended June 30,				
		2025		2024		
Financing Activities:						
Net change in deposits		(223,258)		219,126		
Net change in securities sold under agreements to repurchase				9,691		
Net proceeds on derivative contracts with financing elements		3,832		5,136		
Net proceeds from issuance of consolidated obligations:						
Discount notes		406,363,464		401,334,906		
Bonds		16,066,809		17,523,224		
Payments for matured and retired consolidated obligations:						
Discount notes		(401,326,459)		(401,506,244)		
Bonds		(15,613,755)		(15,277,025)		
Loans from other Federal Home Loan Banks:						
Proceeds from borrowings		1,000,000		_		
Principal repayments		(300,000)		_		
Proceeds from issuance of capital stock		185,628		141,297		
Payments for redemption/repurchase of capital stock		(103,397)		(81,042)		
Payments for redemption/repurchase of mandatorily redeemable capital stock		(96,789)		(5,923)		
Dividend payments on capital stock		(102,606)		(91,655)		
Net cash provided by financing activities		5,853,469		2,271,491		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and due from banks		(13,050)		(2,598)		
Cash and due from banks at beginning of period		70,849		58,844		
Cash and due from banks at end of period	\$	57,799	\$	56,246		
Supplemental Disclosures:						
Cash activities:						
Interest payments	\$	1,685,801	\$	1,793,592		
Non-cash activities:	Ф	1,005,001	Ф	1,795,392		
		68,700				
Purchases of investment securities, traded but not yet settled		08,700		_		

Notes to Financial Statements

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms "we," "us," "our" and "Bank" refer to the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis or its management. We use acronyms and terms throughout these Notes to Financial Statements that are defined in the *Defined Terms*.

Basis of Presentation. The accompanying interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP and SEC requirements for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and disclosures required by GAAP for complete financial statements. Certain disclosures that would have substantially duplicated the disclosures in the financial statements, and notes thereto, included in our 2024 Form 10-K have been omitted unless the information contained in those disclosures materially changed. Therefore, these interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements, and notes thereto, included in our 2024 Form 10-K.

The financial statements contain all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the Bank's financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods presented. All such adjustments were of a normal recurring nature. The results of operations for the periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full calendar year or any other interim period.

Use of Estimates. When preparing financial statements in accordance with GAAP, we are required to make subjective assumptions and estimates that may affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of income and expense. Although the reported amounts and disclosures reflect our best estimates, actual results could differ significantly from these estimates. The most significant estimates pertain to the fair values of financial instruments, specifically our interest-rate related derivatives and associated hedged items.

Significant Accounting Policies. Our significant accounting policies and certain other disclosures are set forth in our 2024 Form 10-K in *Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies*. There have been no significant changes to these policies through June 30, 2025.

Note 2 - Recently Adopted and Issued Accounting Guidance

Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance

We did not adopt any new accounting guidance during the three and six months ended June 30, 2025.

Recently Issued Accounting Guidance

Since the filing of our 2024 Form 10-K, the Financial Accounting Standards Board has not issued any new accounting standards that will have an impact on our financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

Note 3 - Investments

Short-term Investments. We invest in interest-bearing deposits, securities purchased under agreements to resell, and federal funds sold to provide liquidity. At June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, 97% of these investments, based on amortized cost, were with counterparties rated by an NRSRO as investment grade (BBB or higher). The remaining investments were with unrated counterparties. The NRSRO ratings may differ from any internal ratings of the investments, if applicable.

<u>Allowance for Credit Losses</u>. At June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, based on our evaluations, no allowance for credit losses on any of our short-term investments was deemed necessary.

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Investment Securities.

Trading Securities.

Major Security Types. The following table presents our trading securities by type of security.

Security Type	Jun	ne 30, 2025	Dece	mber 31, 2024
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	1,097,184	\$	1,087,930
Total trading securities at estimated fair value	\$	1,097,184	\$	1,087,930

Net Gains (Losses) on Trading Securities. The following table presents net gains (losses) on trading securities, excluding any offsetting effect of gains (losses) on the associated derivatives.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months E	nded June 30,	
		2025	2024			2025		2024
Net gains (losses) on trading securities held at period end	\$	2,332	\$	3,203	\$	9,253	\$	(1,837)
Net gains on trading securities that matured/sold during the period		_		_		_		469
Net gains (losses) on trading securities	\$	2,332	\$	3,203	\$	9,253	\$	(1,368)

Available-for-Sale Securities.

Major Security Types. The following table presents our AFS securities by type of security.

	June 30, 2025								
		Gross	Gross						
	Amortized Unrealized		Unrealized	Estimated					
Security Type	Cost (1)	Gains	Losses	Fair Value					
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 5,869,497	\$ 1,452	\$ (4,302)	\$ 5,866,647					
GSE and TVA debentures	1,499,661	9,433	(122)	1,508,972					
GSE multifamily MBS	7,266,237	8,991	(43,177)	7,232,051					
Total AFS securities	\$14,635,395	\$ 19,876	\$ (47,601)	\$14,607,670					

	December 31, 2024								
		(Gross		Gross				
	Amortized	Unrealized		Unrealized		Estimated			
Security Type	Cost (1)		Gains		Losses	Fair Value			
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 5,691,550	\$	5,827	\$	(2,172)	\$ 5,695,205			
GSE and TVA debentures	1,568,805		13,976		(135)	1,582,646			
GSE multifamily MBS	7,077,866		21,841		(27,669)	7,072,038			
Total AFS securities	\$14,338,221	\$	41,644	\$	(29,976)	\$14,349,889			

At June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, includes net unamortized discounts of \$(201,004) and \$(222,607), respectively, and fair-value hedging basis adjustments of \$(492,322) and \$(910,114), respectively. Excludes accrued interest receivable at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 of \$56,850 and \$58,333, respectively.

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Unrealized Loss Positions. The following table presents our impaired AFS securities (i.e., in an unrealized loss position), aggregated by major security type and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position.

June 30, 2025

	Less than	12 months	12 mont	hs or more	To	otal		
	Estimated	Unrealized	Estimated	Unrealized	Estimated	Unrealized		
Security Type	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses		
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 3,576,263	\$ (2,916)	\$ 502,227	\$ (1,386)	\$ 4,078,490	\$ (4,302)		
GSE and TVA debentures	28,333	(122)) —		28,333	(122)		
GSE multifamily MBS	2,839,970	(15,254)	2,223,141	(27,923)	5,063,111	(43,177)		
Total impaired AFS securities	\$ 6,444,566	\$ (18,292)	\$ 2,725,368	\$ (29,309)	\$ 9,169,934	\$ (47,601)		

December 31, 2024

	Less than	12 months	12 month	s or more	Total			
	Estimated	Unrealized	Estimated	Unrealized	Estimated	Unrealized		
Security Type	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses		
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 2,227,597	\$ (2,172)	\$ —	\$	\$ 2,227,597	\$ (2,172)		
GSE and TVA debentures	60,961	(135)			60,961	(135)		
GSE multifamily MBS	762,267	(4,621)	2,569,237	(23,048)	3,331,504	(27,669)		
Total impaired AFS securities	\$ 3,050,825	\$ (6,928)	\$ 2,569,237	\$ (23,048)	\$ 5,620,062	\$ (29,976)		

Contractual Maturity. The amortized cost and estimated fair value of our non-MBS AFS securities are presented below by contractual maturity. MBS are not presented by contractual maturity because their actual maturities will likely differ from their contractual maturities as borrowers have the right to prepay their obligations with or without prepayment fees.

		June 3	025		Decembe	1, 2024		
	An	nortized	Estimated		Amortized		I	Estimated
Year of Contractual Maturity	Cost		Fair Value		Cost		F	air Value
Non-MBS:								
Due in 1 year or less	\$	558,936	\$	561,747	\$	143,724	\$	144,049
Due after 1 year through 5 years	6	5,501,237		6,505,372		6,733,016		6,749,255
Due after 5 years through 10 years		308,985		308,500		383,615		384,547
Total non-MBS	7	7,369,158		7,375,619		7,260,355		7,277,851
Total MBS	7	7,266,237		7,232,051		7,077,866		7,072,038
Total AFS securities	\$ 14	1,635,395	\$	14,607,670	\$	14,338,221	\$	14,349,889

Realized Gains and Losses. The following table presents our proceeds from, and gross gains and losses on, sales of AFS securities. All of the sales were for strategic and economic reasons. Gross gains and losses exclude swap termination fees received and were determined by the specific identification method.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months E	Ended June 30,		
	2025 2024				2025		2024		
Proceeds from sales	\$		\$	220,763	\$	221,292	\$	220,763	
Gross gains on sales	\$	_	\$	1,840	\$	2,704	\$	1,840	
Gross (losses) on sales		_		_		_		_	
Net gains on sales of AFS securities	\$		\$	1,840	\$	2,704	\$	1,840	

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Allowance for Credit Losses. At June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, certain of our AFS securities were in an unrealized loss position; however, no allowance for credit losses was deemed necessary because those losses were considered temporary and recovery of the entire amortized cost basis on these securities at maturity was expected.

Held-to-Maturity Securities.

Major Security Types. The following table presents our HTM securities by type of security.

	June 30, 2025									
Security Type	Gross Gross Unrecognized Unrecognized Amortized Holding Holding Cost (1) Gains Losses		Unrecognized Holding]	Estimated Fair Value			
Non-MBS:										
State housing agency obligations	\$	59,679	\$	247	\$	(1,980)	\$	57,946		
MBS:										
Other U.S. obligations - guaranteed single-family		3,380,363		6,645		(19,510)		3,367,498		
GSE single-family		2,018,774		1,384		(31,718)		1,988,440		
GSE multifamily		540,100				(4,063)		536,037		
Total MBS		5,939,237		8,029		(55,291)		5,891,975		
Total HTM securities	\$	5,998,916	\$	8,276	\$	(57,271)	\$	5,949,921		
				December	r 31	, 2024				
				Gross		Gross				
			Uı	recognized	Ur	recognized]	Estimated		
a	Α	mortized		Holding		Holding		Fair		
Security Type		Cost (1)		Gains		Losses		Value		
Non-MBS:										
State housing agency obligations	\$	47,735	\$	_	\$	(2,107)	\$	45,628		
MBS:										
Other U.S. obligations - guaranteed single-family		3,598,725		9,868		(19,107)		3,589,486		
GSE single-family		1,652,532		3,493		(31,998)		1,624,027		

540,385

5,839,377 \$

13,361

13,361 \$

5,791,642

(2,734)

(53,839)

(55,946) \$

537,651

5,751,164

5,796,792

Contractual Maturity. Our investments in state housing agency obligations mature in 2055. MBS are not presented by contractual maturity because their actual maturities will likely differ from their contractual maturities as borrowers have the right to prepay their obligations with or without prepayment fees.

Allowance for Credit Losses. At June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, based on our evaluation of expected credit losses, no allowance for credit losses on any of our HTM securities was deemed necessary.

GSE multifamily

Total HTM securities

Total MBS

Carrying value equals amortized cost, which includes net unamortized premium at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 of \$13,010 and \$15,905, respectively. Excludes accrued interest receivable at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 of \$9,854 and \$10,508, respectively.

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Note 4 - Advances

The following table presents our advances outstanding by redemption term.

	June 30	, 2025	December	31, 2024
Redemption Term	Amount	WAIR %	Amount	WAIR %
Overdrawn demand and overnight deposit accounts	\$ 4,871	6.71	\$ —	
Due in 1 year or less	15,654,922	4.20	15,054,808	4.17
Due after 1 through 2 years	3,239,733	3.48	3,126,564	3.27
Due after 2 through 3 years	7,287,532	4.10	4,874,797	4.08
Due after 3 through 4 years	4,256,609	4.18	4,850,347	4.14
Due after 4 through 5 years	5,002,120	3.81	4,633,376	4.05
Thereafter	5,875,854	3.70	7,609,715	3.54
Total advances, par value	41,321,641	4.00	40,149,607	3.95
Unamortized discounts	(4,878)		_	
Fair-value hedging basis adjustments, net	25,574		(318,967)	
Unamortized swap termination fees associated with modified				
advances, net of deferred prepayment fees	439		2,352	
Total advances ¹	\$ 41,342,776		\$ 39,832,992	

Carrying value equals amortized cost, which excludes accrued interest receivable at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 of \$63,659 and \$63,554, respectively.

The following table presents our advances outstanding by the earlier of the redemption date or the next call date and next put date.

		Earlier of I or Next		-			Redemption Put Date		
Term	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024		June 30, 2025		De	ecember 31, 2024	
Overdrawn demand and overnight deposit accounts	\$	4,871	\$	_	\$	4,871	\$	_	
Due in 1 year or less		20,443,264		19,508,990		20,384,672		19,665,958	
Due after 1 through 2 years		2,948,973		2,976,664		3,599,733		4,053,564	
Due after 2 through 3 years		5,791,582		3,702,587		7,198,632		5,134,897	
Due after 3 through 4 years		3,903,556		4,053,844		3,555,359		4,667,347	
Due after 4 through 5 years		4,259,710		4,192,926		3,781,620		3,262,126	
Thereafter		3,969,685		5,714,596		2,796,754		3,365,715	
Total advances, par value	\$	41,321,641	\$	40,149,607	\$	41,321,641	\$	40,149,607	

Advance Concentrations. At June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, our top borrower held 13% and 11%, respectively, and our top five borrowers held 41% and 40%, respectively, of total advances outstanding at par.

Allowance for Credit Losses. At June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, based upon the collateral held as security, our credit extension and collateral policies, our credit analysis and the repayment history on advances, no allowance for credit losses on advances was deemed necessary.

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Note 5 - Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio

The following tables present information on our mortgage loans held for portfolio by term and type.

Term	 June 30, 2025	December 31, 202			
Fixed-rate long-term mortgages	\$ 11,199,300	\$	9,958,543		
Fixed-rate medium-term ¹ mortgages	 591,190		632,229		
Total mortgage loans held for portfolio, UPB	11,790,490		10,590,772		
Unamortized premiums	247,695		224,988		
Unamortized discounts	(16,305)		(13,583)		
Hedging basis adjustments, net	 (3,789)		(6,536)		
Total mortgage loans held for portfolio	12,018,091		10,795,641		
Allowance for credit losses	 (125)		(125)		
Total mortgage loans held for portfolio, net ²	\$ 12,017,966	\$	10,795,516		

Defined as a term of 15 years or less at origination.

Excludes accrued interest receivable at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 of \$72,249 and \$60,721, respectively.

Type	Ju	une 30, 2025	De	cember 31, 2024
Conventional	\$	11,472,926	\$	10,322,376
Government-guaranteed or -insured		317,564		268,396
Total mortgage loans held for portfolio, UPB	\$	11,790,490	\$	10,590,772

Credit Quality Indicators for Conventional Mortgage Loans. Amounts past due 30 days or more on conventional mortgage loans at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 totaled \$71,788 and \$73,424, respectively. Amounts are based on amortized cost, which excludes accrued interest receivable.

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Note 6 - Derivatives and Hedging Activities

Financial Statement Effect and Additional Financial Information. We record derivative instruments, related cash collateral received or pledged/posted and associated accrued interest on a net basis by the clearing agent and/or by counterparty when the netting requirements have been met.

The following table presents the notional amount and estimated fair value of our derivative assets and liabilities.

		ne 30, 2025		December 31, 2024						
	Notional	D	erivative		erivative	Notional	D	Perivative		Derivative
	Amount		Assets		iabilities	Amount	Assets		Liabilities	
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:										
Interest-rate swaps	\$ 58,884,484	\$	437,952	\$	757,232	\$ 64,974,465	\$	676,279	\$	1,020,918
Derivatives not designated as										
hedging instruments:										
Economic hedges:										
Interest-rate swaps	9,142,939		1,441		601	13,117,348		624		247
Swaptions	500,000							_		
Interest-rate caps/floors	331,100		373		_	906,100		1,174		_
Interest-rate forwards	139,400				1,297	107,500		1,563		
MDCs	138,088		503		2	107,682		41		371
Total derivatives not designated										
as hedging instruments	10,251,527		2,317		1,900	14,238,630		3,402		618
Total derivatives before										
adjustments	\$ 69,136,011		440,269		759,132	\$ 79,213,095		679,681		1,021,536
Netting adjustments and cash collateral ¹			4,923		(751,386)			(201,614)		(1,012,234)
Total derivatives, net, at				_						
estimated fair value		\$	445,192	\$	7,746		\$	478,067	\$	9,302

Represents the application of the netting requirements that allow us to settle (i) positive and negative positions and (ii) cash collateral and related accrued interest held or placed, with the same clearing agent and/or counterparty. Cash collateral pledged to counterparties at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, including accrued interest, totaled \$895,882 and \$1,030,169, respectively. Cash collateral received from counterparties and held at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, including accrued interest, totaled \$139,572 and \$219,550, respectively.

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Managing Credit Risk on Derivatives. We are subject to credit risk due to the risk of nonperformance by the counterparties to our derivative transactions.

<u>Uncleared Derivatives.</u> The following table presents separately the estimated fair value of our derivative instruments meeting and not meeting netting requirements, including the effect of the related collateral.

		June 30)25	December 31, 2024				
	D	erivative Assets		erivative iabilities	D	Derivative Assets		Derivative Liabilities
Derivative instruments meeting netting requirements:								
Gross recognized amount								
Uncleared	\$	439,665	\$	740,147	\$	674,368	\$	1,020,626
Cleared		101		18,983		5,272		539
Total gross recognized amount		439,766		759,130		679,640		1,021,165
Gross amounts of netting adjustments and cash collateral								
Uncleared		(436,413)		(732,403)		(669,265)		(1,011,695)
Cleared		441,336		(18,983)		467,651		(539)
Total gross amounts of netting adjustments and cash collateral		4,923		(751,386)		(201,614)		(1,012,234)
Net amounts after netting adjustments and cash collateral								
Uncleared		3,252		7,744		5,103		8,931
Cleared		441,437		_		472,923		_
Total net amounts after netting adjustments and cash collateral		444,689		7,744		478,026		8,931
Derivative instruments not meeting netting requirements ¹		503		2		41		371
Total derivatives, net, at estimated fair value	\$	445,192	\$	7,746	\$	478,067	\$	9,302

Consists of MDCs.

The following table presents the impact of our qualifying fair-value hedging relationships on net interest income by hedged item, excluding any offsetting interest income/expense of the associated hedged items.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025										
	A	Advances	AFS Securities		CO Bonds			Total			
Net impact of fair-value hedging relationships on net interest income:											
Net interest settlements on derivatives ¹	\$	68,336	\$	84,330	\$	(95,423)	\$	57,243			
Net gains (losses) on derivatives ²		(114,677)		(47,793)		122,007		(40,463)			
Net gains (losses) on hedged items ³		113,618		34,202		(122,439)		25,381			
Price alignment interest		(661)		(3,964)		(263)		(4,888)			
Net impact on net interest income	\$	66,616	\$	66,775	\$	(96,118)	\$	37,273			
Total interest income (expense) recorded in the statement of income ⁴	\$	482,767	\$	183,250	\$	(581,667)	\$	84,350			

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

				ee Months End			4	T-4-1
N	A	dvances	A	FS Securities	_	CO Bonds		Total
Net impact of fair-value hedging relationships on net interest income:								
Net interest settlements on derivatives ¹	\$	139,209	\$	130,167	\$	(239,940)	\$	29,436
Net gains (losses) on derivatives ²		(16,755)		1,304		124,598		109,147
Net gains (losses) on hedged items ³		19,650		(14,064)		(127,328)		(121,742)
Price alignment interest		(6,832)		(8,082)		(299)		(15,213)
Net impact on net interest income	\$	135,272	\$	109,325	\$	(242,969)	\$	1,628
	_							
Total interest income (expense) recorded in the statement of income ⁴	¢	508,287	\$	222 574	¢	(643,171)	•	87,690
statement of income	\$	308,287	D	222,574	D	(043,171)	<u> </u>	87,090
			Six	Months Ende	d J	June 30, 2025		
	A	Advances	A	FS Securities	CO Bonds		Total	
Net impact of fair-value hedging relationships on net interest income:								
Net interest settlements on derivatives ¹	\$	141,480	\$	169,425	\$	(205,226)	\$	105,679
Net gains (losses) on derivatives ²		(289,230)		(137,598)		326,174		(100,654)
Net gains (losses) on hedged items ³		286,262		110,698		(325,522)		71,438
Price alignment interest		(3,198)		(9,123)		(553)		(12,874)
Net impact on net interest income	\$	135,314	\$	133,402	\$	(205,127)	\$	63,589
Total interest income (expense) recorded in the								
statement of income ⁴	\$	929,379	\$	365,012	\$	(1,151,535)	\$	142,856
		. 1		Months Ende		-		7D 4 1
Net impact of fair-value hedging relationships on net		Advances	A	FS Securities		CO Bonds		Total
interest income:								
Net interest settlements on derivatives ¹	\$	286,559	\$	260,033	\$	(489,160)	\$	57,432
Net gains on derivatives ²		147,104		72,489		71,209		290,802
Net gains (losses) on hedged items ³		(143,275)		(98,394)		(71,677)		(313,346)
Price alignment interest		(12,512)		(15,506)		(570)		(28,588)
Net impact on net interest income	\$	277,876	\$	218,622	\$	(490,198)	\$	6,300

1,023,144 \$

442,941 \$ (1,264,584) \$

201,501

Total interest income (expense) recorded in the

statement of income⁴

Represents interest income/expense on derivatives in qualifying fair-value hedging relationships. Net interest settlements on derivatives that are not in qualifying fair-value hedging relationships are reported in other income.

Includes increases (decreases) in estimated fair value and swap fees received (paid) resulting from terminations of derivatives.

Includes increases (decreases) in estimated fair value and amortization of net gains and losses on ineffective and discontinued fair-value hedging relationships.

⁴ For advances, AFS securities and CO bonds only.

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

The following table presents the components of our net gains (losses) on derivatives reported in other income.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
Type of Hedge		2025		2024	2025			2024		
Net gains (losses) on derivatives not designated as hedging instruments:										
Economic hedges:										
Interest-rate swaps	\$	1,307	\$	(2,591)	\$	(10,629)	\$	4,695		
Swaptions		(77)				(170)		_		
Interest-rate caps/floors		(275)		(175)		(801)		(272)		
Interest-rate forwards		(1,017)		(172)		(3,779)		(328)		
Net interest settlements ¹		(418)		2,239		2,027		4,277		
MDCs		750		55		3,419		108		
Net gains (losses) on derivatives in other income	\$	270	\$	(644)	\$	(9,933)	\$	8,480		

Relates to derivatives that are not in qualifying fair-value hedging relationships. The interest income/expense of the associated hedged items is recorded in net interest income.

The following table presents the amortized cost of, and the related cumulative basis adjustments on, our hedged items designated in fair-value hedging relationships.

	June 30, 2025 AFS					
	A	dvances		Securities	C	CO Bonds
Amortized cost of hedged items ¹	\$ 2	2,937,349	\$	14,635,395	\$ 2	20,157,053
Cumulative basis adjustments included in amortized cost:						
For active fair-value hedging relationships ²	\$	25,574	\$	(629,938)	\$	(635,811)
For discontinued fair-value hedging relationships				137,616		_
Total cumulative fair-value hedging basis adjustments on hedged items	\$	25,574	\$	(492,322)	\$	(635,811)
	December 31, 20					
		D	ece	mber 31, 202	24	
	A	Do		ember 31, 202 AFS Securities		CO Bonds
Amortized cost of hedged items ¹				AFS	_(CO Bonds 25,182,096
Amortized cost of hedged items ¹ Cumulative basis adjustments included in amortized cost:		dvances		AFS Securities	_(
		dvances	\$	AFS Securities	_(
Cumulative basis adjustments included in amortized cost:	\$ 2	dvances 2,584,803	\$	AFS Securities 14,338,221	\$ 2	25,182,096

¹ Includes the amortized cost of the hedged items in active or discontinued fair-value hedging relationships.

² Excludes any offsetting effect of the net estimated fair value of the associated derivatives.

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Note 7 - Consolidated Obligations

In addition to being the primary obligor for all consolidated obligations issued on our behalf, we are jointly and severally liable with each of the other FHLBanks for the payment of the principal and interest on all of the FHLBanks' consolidated obligations outstanding. The par values of the FHLBanks' consolidated obligations outstanding at both June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 totaled \$1.2 trillion. As provided by the Federal Home Loan Bank Act of 1932 and Finance Agency regulations, consolidated obligations are backed only by the financial resources of all FHLBanks.

Discount Notes. The following table presents our discount notes outstanding, all of which are due within one year of issuance.

Discount Notes	 June 30, 2025	De	cember 31, 2024
Par value	\$ 30,324,340	\$	25,293,510
Unamortized discounts	(107,918)		(110,905)
Unamortized concessions	 (308)		(269)
Book value	\$ 30,216,114	\$	25,182,336
Weighted average effective interest rate	4.25 %)	4.40 %

CO Bonds. The following table presents the par value of our CO bonds outstanding by interest-rate payment type.

Interest-Rate Payment Type	Jui	ne 30, 2025	Dec	ember 31, 2024
Fixed-rate	\$	31,224,475	\$	35,342,355
Simple variable-rate		22,321,000		17,319,500
Step-up		773,500		1,198,500
Total CO bonds, par value	\$	54,318,975	\$	53,860,355

The following table presents our CO bonds outstanding by contractual maturity.

	June 30	, 2025	 December 3	31, 2024
Year of Contractual Maturity	Amount	WAIR%	Amount	WAIR%
Due in 1 year or less	\$ 22,661,860	3.79	\$ 21,862,970	3.65
Due after 1 through 2 years	14,687,100	3.42	15,037,435	2.96
Due after 2 through 3 years	2,635,420	3.21	3,015,800	2.50
Due after 3 through 4 years	2,353,830	3.63	2,317,520	3.00
Due after 4 through 5 years	2,429,890	4.08	3,117,630	4.46
Thereafter	9,550,875	3.60	8,509,000	3.38
Total CO bonds, par value	54,318,975	3.63	53,860,355	3.37
Unamortized premiums	22,262		24,889	
Unamortized discounts	(6,997)		(7,992)	
Unamortized concessions	(15,104)		(12,890)	
Fair-value hedging basis adjustments, net	(635,811)		(961,333)	
Total CO bonds, carrying value	\$ 53,683,325		\$ 52,903,029	

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

The following tables present the par value of our CO bonds outstanding by redemption feature and the earlier of the year of contractual maturity or next call date.

Redemption Feature	June 30, 2025	De	December 31, 2024			
Non-callable / non-putable	\$ 28,218,475	\$	27,334,855			
Callable	 26,100,500		26,525,500			
Total CO bonds, par value	\$ 54,318,975	\$	53,860,355			
Year of Contractual Maturity or Next Call Date	 June 30, 2025	De	ecember 31, 2024			
Due in 1 year or less	\$ 41,175,360	\$	42,042,970			
Due after 1 through 2 years	10,441,100		9,330,935			
Due after 2 through 3 years	993,420		726,300			
Due after 3 through 4 years	953,330		1,061,020			
Due after 4 through 5 years	271,890		212,130			
Thereafter	483,875		487,000			
Total CO bonds, par value	\$ 54,318,975	\$	53,860,355			

Note 8 - Affordable Housing Program

In addition to the statutory AHP assessment, we may make voluntary contributions to the AHP or other housing and community investment programs. Voluntary contributions are reported within other expenses. Voluntary contributions recognized as expense reduce income before assessments which, in turn, reduces the statutory AHP assessment. As such, we have committed to make supplemental voluntary contributions to the AHP in an amount that restores the statutory AHP assessment amount to what it otherwise would have been.

The following table presents the activity in our Affordable Housing Program payable.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,				
AHP Activity		2025		2024		2025		2024		
Liability at beginning of period	\$	97,767	\$	77,586	\$	92,520	\$	68,301		
Assessments		10,431		10,488		19,229		21,623		
Voluntary contributions to AHP		_		3,444		30		3,444		
Supplemental voluntary contributions to AHP		540		_		1,658		_		
Subsidy usage, net ¹		(19,918)		(17,727)		(24,617)		(19,577)		
Liability at end of period	\$	88,820	\$	73,791	\$	88,820	\$	73,791		

Subsidies disbursed are reported net of returns/recaptures of previously disbursed subsidies.

The following table presents the activity in our voluntary contribution liability (non-AHP).

	Th	ree Months	End	ed June 30,	Six Months E	inded June 30,		
Other Voluntary Contribution Activity		2025		2024	2025		2024	
Liability at beginning of period	\$	10,959	\$	3,918	\$ 7,341	\$	1,188	
Voluntary contributions to housing and community investment		4,857		306	14,897		3,998	
Voluntary grants and donations disbursed, net ¹		(10,088)		(360)	(16,510)		(1,322)	
Liability at end of period	\$	5,728	\$	3,864	\$ 5,728	\$	3,864	

Grants and donations disbursed are reported net of returns/recaptures of previously disbursed grants.

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Note 9 - Capital

Classes of Capital Stock. The following table presents our capital stock outstanding by sub-series.

Capital Stock Sub-Series	June 30, 2025			ember 31, 2024
Class B-1 ¹	\$	597,266	\$	614,447
Class B-2 ²		2,014,957		1,940,947
Total Class B outstanding, par value	\$	2,612,223	\$	2,555,394

Non-activity-based stock.

Mandatorily Redeemable Capital Stock. The following table presents the activity in our MRCS.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					Six Months Ended June 30,			
MRCS Activity	2025		2024		2025		2024		
Liability at beginning of period	\$	266,359	\$	367,444	\$	363,004	\$	369,041	
Reclassification from capital stock		25,402		_		25,402		_	
Redemptions/repurchases		(144)		(4,326)		(96,789)		(5,923)	
Liability at end of period	\$	291,617	\$	363,118	\$	291,617	\$	363,118	

The following table presents our MRCS by contractual year of redemption. The year of redemption is the later of (i) the final year of the five-year redemption period, or (ii) the first year in which a non-member no longer has an activity-based stock requirement.

MRCS Contractual Year of Redemption	June 30, 2025		Decer	mber 31, 2024
Past contractual redemption date ¹	\$	9,590	\$	9,748
Year 1		_		19,179
Year 2		_		3,674
Year 3		255,483		329,232
Year 4		1,159		12
Year 5		25,385		1,159
Total MRCS, par value	\$	291,617	\$	363,004

Balance represents Class B stock that will not be redeemed until the associated credit products or mortgage loans are no longer outstanding.

The following table presents the distributions related to our MRCS.

	_Th	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30			
MRCS Distributions		2025		2024		2025		2024	
Recorded as interest expense	\$	4,185	\$	5,505	\$	8,848	\$	10,848	
Recorded as distributions from retained earnings		384				384			
Total	\$	4,569	\$	5,505	\$	9,232	\$	10,848	

² Activity-based stock.

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Capital Requirements. We are subject to three capital requirements under our capital plan and Finance Agency regulations. As presented in the following table, we were in compliance with these Finance Agency capital requirements at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

	June 30, 2025					December 31, 2024			
Regulatory Capital Requirements	Required		Actual		Required			Actual	
Risk-based capital	\$	1,180,716	\$	4,649,561	\$	1,078,665	\$	4,602,510	
Total regulatory capital	\$	3,640,805	\$	4,649,561	\$	3,381,384	\$	4,602,510	
Total regulatory capital-to-assets ratio		4.00%		5.11%		4.00%		5.44%	
Leverage capital	\$	4,551,006	\$	6,974,342	\$	4,226,730	\$	6,903,765	
Leverage ratio		5.00%		7.66%		5.00%		8.17%	

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Note 10 - Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

The following table presents a summary of the changes in the components of our AOCI.

AOCI Rollforward	Gai	nrealized ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities		Pension Benefits	T	otal AOCI (Loss)
Balance, March 31, 2025		11,985	\$	(16,196)	\$	(4,211)
OCI before reclassifications:	· ·	22,500	*	(-0,-20)	•	(1,===)
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)		(39,710)		_		(39,710)
Reclassifications from OCI to net income:		, , ,				() /
Pension benefits, net		_		1,036		1,036
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(39,710)		1,036		(38,674)
Balance, June 30, 2025	\$	(27,725)	\$	(15,160)	\$	(42,885)
						<u> </u>
Balance, March 31, 2024	\$	41,539	\$	(13,511)	\$	28,028
OCI before reclassifications:						
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)		(7,074)		_		(7,074)
Reclassifications from OCI to net income:						
Net realized (gains) from sales of AFS securities		(1,840)		_		(1,840)
Pension benefits, net		_		(2,433)		(2,433)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(8,914)		(2,433)		(11,347)
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$	32,625	\$	(15,944)	\$	16,681
AOCI Rollforward	Gai	nrealized ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities		Pension Benefits	Т	otal AOCI (Loss)
AOCI Rollforward Balance, December 31, 2024	Gai	ns (Losses) on AFS	\$			
	Gai	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities	\$	Benefits		(Loss)
Balance, December 31, 2024	Gai	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities	\$	Benefits		(Loss)
Balance, December 31, 2024 OCI before reclassifications:	Gai	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities	\$	Benefits		(Loss) (4,840)
Balance, December 31, 2024 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains (losses)	Gai	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities	\$	Benefits		(Loss) (4,840)
Balance, December 31, 2024 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains (losses) Reclassifications from OCI to net income:	Gai	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities 11,668 (36,689)	\$	Benefits		(4,840) (36,689)
Balance, December 31, 2024 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains (losses) Reclassifications from OCI to net income: Net realized (gains) from sales of AFS securities	Gai	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities 11,668 (36,689)	\$	Benefits		(4,840) (36,689) (2,704)
Balance, December 31, 2024 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains (losses) Reclassifications from OCI to net income: Net realized (gains) from sales of AFS securities Pension benefits, net	Gai	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities 11,668 (36,689) (2,704)		Benefits (16,508) - 1,348	\$	(4,840) (36,689) (2,704) 1,348
Balance, December 31, 2024 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains (losses) Reclassifications from OCI to net income: Net realized (gains) from sales of AFS securities Pension benefits, net Total other comprehensive income (loss)	Gain S	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities 11,668 (36,689) (2,704) — (39,393)		Benefits (16,508) — 1,348 1,348	\$	(Loss) (4,840) (36,689) (2,704) 1,348 (38,045)
Balance, December 31, 2024 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains (losses) Reclassifications from OCI to net income: Net realized (gains) from sales of AFS securities Pension benefits, net Total other comprehensive income (loss)	Gain S	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities 11,668 (36,689) (2,704) — (39,393)	\$	Benefits (16,508) — 1,348 1,348	\$	(Loss) (4,840) (36,689) (2,704) 1,348 (38,045)
Balance, December 31, 2024 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains (losses) Reclassifications from OCI to net income: Net realized (gains) from sales of AFS securities Pension benefits, net Total other comprehensive income (loss) Balance, June 30, 2025	Gail S \$	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities 11,668 (36,689) (2,704) ————————————————————————————————————	\$	Benefits (16,508) — 1,348 1,348 (15,160)	\$	(Loss) (4,840) (36,689) (2,704) 1,348 (38,045) (42,885)
Balance, December 31, 2024 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains (losses) Reclassifications from OCI to net income: Net realized (gains) from sales of AFS securities Pension benefits, net Total other comprehensive income (loss) Balance, June 30, 2025 Balance, December 31, 2023	Gail S \$	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities 11,668 (36,689) (2,704) ————————————————————————————————————	\$	Benefits (16,508) — 1,348 1,348 (15,160)	\$	(Loss) (4,840) (36,689) (2,704) 1,348 (38,045) (42,885)
Balance, December 31, 2024 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains (losses) Reclassifications from OCI to net income: Net realized (gains) from sales of AFS securities Pension benefits, net Total other comprehensive income (loss) Balance, June 30, 2025 Balance, December 31, 2023 OCI before reclassifications:	Gail S \$	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities 11,668 (36,689) (2,704) ————————————————————————————————————	\$	Benefits (16,508) — 1,348 1,348 (15,160)	\$	(Loss) (4,840) (36,689) (2,704) 1,348 (38,045) (42,885) (73,532)
Balance, December 31, 2024 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains (losses) Reclassifications from OCI to net income: Net realized (gains) from sales of AFS securities Pension benefits, net Total other comprehensive income (loss) Balance, June 30, 2025 Balance, December 31, 2023 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains	Gail S \$	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities 11,668 (36,689) (2,704) ————————————————————————————————————	\$	Benefits (16,508) — 1,348 1,348 (15,160)	\$	(Loss) (4,840) (36,689) (2,704) 1,348 (38,045) (42,885) (73,532)
Balance, December 31, 2024 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains (losses) Reclassifications from OCI to net income: Net realized (gains) from sales of AFS securities Pension benefits, net Total other comprehensive income (loss) Balance, June 30, 2025 Balance, December 31, 2023 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains Reclassifications from OCI to net income:	Gail S \$	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities 11,668 (36,689) (2,704) — (39,393) (27,725) (59,777) 94,242 (1,840) —	\$	Benefits (16,508) — 1,348 1,348 (15,160)	\$	(Loss) (4,840) (36,689) (2,704) 1,348 (38,045) (42,885) (73,532) 94,242
Balance, December 31, 2024 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains (losses) Reclassifications from OCI to net income: Net realized (gains) from sales of AFS securities Pension benefits, net Total other comprehensive income (loss) Balance, June 30, 2025 Balance, December 31, 2023 OCI before reclassifications: Net change in unrealized gains Reclassifications from OCI to net income: Net realized (gains) from sales of AFS securities	Gail S \$	ns (Losses) on AFS ecurities 11,668 (36,689) (2,704) ————————————————————————————————————	\$	Columbia	\$	(Loss) (4,840) (36,689) (2,704) 1,348 (38,045) (42,885) (73,532) 94,242 (1,840)

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Note 11 - Estimated Fair Values

The following tables present the carrying value and estimated fair value of each of our financial instruments. The total of the estimated fair values does not represent an estimate of our overall market value as a going concern, which would take into account, among other considerations, future business opportunities and the net profitability of assets and liabilities.

	June 30, 2025												
			Es	stimated Fair	Value								
	Carrying					Netting							
Financial Instruments	Value	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Adjustments ¹							
Assets:													
Cash and due from banks	\$ 57,799	\$ 57,799	\$ 57,799	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —							
Interest-bearing deposits	1,266,851	1,266,851	1,266,807	44	_	_							
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	9,700,000	9,700,000	_	9,700,000	_	_							
Federal funds sold	4,144,000	4,144,000	_	4,144,000	_	_							
Trading securities	1,097,184	1,097,184		1,097,184		_							
AFS securities	14,607,670	14,607,670	_	14,607,670	_	_							
HTM securities	5,998,916	5,949,921	_	5,949,921	_	_							
Advances	41,342,776	41,207,995	_	41,207,995	_	_							
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net	12,017,966	11,434,906	_	11,429,162	5,744	_							
Accrued interest receivable	217,194	217,194	_	217,194	_	_							
Derivative assets, net	445,192	445,192	_	440,269		4,923							
Grantor trust assets ²	74,045	74,045	74,045	_	_	_							
Liabilities:													
	760.614	760.614		760.614									
Deposits Consolidated obligations:	769,614	769,614		769,614									
Consolidated obligations:	20.216.114	20 215 177		20 215 177									
Discount notes	30,216,114	30,215,177	_	30,215,177	_	_							
Bonds	53,683,325	53,118,565	_	53,118,565	_	_							
Loans from other FHLBanks	700,000	700,000	_	700,000	_	_							
Accrued interest payable	381,018	381,018	_	381,018	_	_							
Derivative liabilities, net	7,746	7,746	_	759,132	_	(751,386)							
MRCS	291,617	291,617	291,617	_	_	_							

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

December 31, 2024

	Estimated Fair Value										
			E:	stimated Fair	Value						
	Carrying					Netting					
Financial Instruments	Value	<u>Total</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Adjustments ¹					
Assets:											
Cash and due from banks	\$ 70,849	\$ 70,849	\$ 70,849	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —					
Interest-bearing deposits	856,882	856,882	856,839	43	_						
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	7,500,000	7,500,000	_	7,500,000	_	_					
Federal funds sold	3,395,000	3,395,000	_	3,395,000	_	_					
Trading securities	1,087,930	1,087,930	_	1,087,930	_	_					
AFS securities	14,349,889	14,349,889	_	14,349,889	_	_					
HTM securities	5,839,377	5,796,792	_	5,796,792	_	_					
Advances	39,832,992	39,717,708	_	39,717,708	_	_					
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net	10,795,516	9,978,002	_	9,972,488	5,514	_					
Accrued interest receivable	207,387	207,387	_	207,387	_	_					
Derivative assets, net	478,067	478,067	_	679,681	_	(201,614)					
Grantor trust assets ²	69,699	69,699	69,699	_	_	_					
Liabilities:											
Deposits	913,112	913,112	_	913,112	_	_					
Consolidated obligations:											
Discount notes	25,182,336	25,186,108	_	25,186,108	_	_					
Bonds	52,903,029	52,173,444	_	52,173,444	_	_					
Accrued interest payable	360,905	360,905		360,905		_					
Derivative liabilities, net	9,302	9,302	_	1,021,536	_	(1,012,234)					
MRCS	363,004	363,004	363,004	_	_	_					

Represents the application of the netting requirements that allow us to settle (i) positive and negative positions and (ii) cash collateral and related accrued interest held or placed with the same clearing agent and/or counterparty.

Valuation Techniques and Significant Inputs. No significant changes were made during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

² Included in other assets on the statement of condition.

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Estimated Fair Value Measurements. The following tables present, by level within the fair value hierarchy, the estimated fair value of our financial assets and liabilities that are recorded at estimated fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis on our statement of condition.

	June 30, 2025								
					Netting				
Financial Instruments	<u>Total</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Adjustments ¹				
Trading securities:									
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 1,097,184	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,097,184	\$ —	\$				
Total trading securities	1,097,184	_	1,097,184	_					
AFS securities:									
U.S. Treasury obligations	5,866,647	_	5,866,647	_	_				
GSE and TVA debentures	1,508,972		1,508,972	_	_				
GSE multifamily MBS	7,232,051	_	7,232,051	_	_				
Total AFS securities	14,607,670	_	14,607,670	_	_				
Derivative assets:									
Interest-rate related	444,689	_	439,766	_	4,923				
MDCs	503	_	503	_	_				
Total derivative assets, net	445,192	_	440,269	_	4,923				
Other assets:									
Grantor trust assets	74,045	74,045	_	_	_				
Total assets at recurring estimated fair									
value	\$16,224,091	\$ 74,045	\$16,145,123	<u>\$</u>	\$ 4,923				
Derivative liabilities:									
Interest-rate related	\$ 7,744	\$ —	\$ 759,130	\$ —	\$ (751,386)				
MDCs	2		2						
Total derivative liabilities, net	7,746		759,132		(751,386)				
Total liabilities at recurring estimated fair value	\$ 7,746	\$ —	\$ 759,132	\$	\$ (751,386)				

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

December 31, 2024

			December 31	, 202 .	
Financial Instruments	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting Adjustments ¹
Trading securities:					
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 1,087,930	\$ —	\$ 1,087,930	\$ —	\$ —
Total trading securities	1,087,930		1,087,930		_
AFS securities:					
U.S. Treasury obligations	5,695,205	_	5,695,205	_	_
GSE and TVA debentures	1,582,646		1,582,646	_	_
GSE multifamily MBS	7,072,038		7,072,038		
Total AFS securities	14,349,889	_	14,349,889	_	_
Derivative assets:					
Interest-rate related	478,026		679,640		(201,614)
MDCs	41		41		
Total derivative assets, net	478,067		679,681		(201,614)
Other assets:					
Grantor trust assets	69,699	69,699			
Total assets at recurring estimated fair value	\$15,985,585	\$ 69,699	\$16,117,500	<u>\$</u>	\$ (201,614)
Derivative liabilities:					
Interest-rate related	\$ 8,931	\$ —	\$ 1,021,165	\$ —	\$ (1,012,234)
MDCs	371	_	371	_	(1,01 2,2 51)
Total derivative liabilities, net	9,302		1,021,536		(1,012,234)
Total liabilities at recurring estimated fair value	\$ 9,302	<u> </u>	\$ 1,021,536	<u>\$</u>	\$ (1,012,234)

Represents the application of the netting requirements that allow us to settle (i) positive and negative positions and (ii) cash collateral and related accrued interest held or placed with the same clearing agent and/or counterparty.

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies

The following table presents our off-balance-sheet commitments at their notional amounts.

		Dec	cember 31, 2024			
Type of Commitment	Expire within one year Expire after one year		Total		Total	
Standby letters of credit outstanding ¹	\$ 1,440,402	\$	332,987	\$ 1,773,389	\$	531,390
Commitments for standby bond purchases	_		379,970	379,970		215,825
Unused lines of credit - advances ²	1,356,224		_	1,356,224		1,349,550
Commitments to fund additional advances ³	5,050		_	5,050		4,087
Commitments to purchase mortgage loans, net ⁴	138,088		_	138,088		107,682
Unsettled CO bonds, at par	336,410		_	336,410		620,000
Unsettled discount notes, at par	491,750		_	491,750		

There were no unconditional commitments to issue standby letters of credit at June 30, 2025. The amount at December 31, 2024 excludes unconditional commitments to issue standby letters of credit of \$273.

Pledged Collateral. Cash pledged as collateral to counterparties and clearing agents at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 totaled \$894,309 and \$1,028,019, respectively.

Standby Bond Purchase Agreements. We have entered into multiple agreements with a state housing authority within our district whereby we could be required under the terms of the agreements to purchase and hold the state housing authority's bonds until its designated marketing agent can find a suitable investor or the state housing authority repurchases the bond according to a schedule established by the standby agreements. At June 30, 2025, the agreements outstanding expire no later than 2030, although some may be renewable at our option. We were not required to purchase any bonds under these agreements as of June 30, 2025.

Legal Proceedings. We are subject to legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. We record an accrual for a loss contingency when it is probable that a loss for which we could be liable has been incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. After consultation with legal counsel, management is not aware of any such proceedings where the ultimate liability, if any, could have a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

² Maximum line of credit amount per member is \$100,000.

³ Generally for periods up to six months.

⁴ Generally for periods up to 91 days.

(Unaudited, \$ amounts in thousands unless otherwise indicated)

Note 13 - Related Party and Other Transactions

Transactions with Directors' Financial Institutions. The following table presents our transactions with directors' financial institutions, taking into account the beginning and ending dates of the directors' terms, merger activity and other changes in the composition of directors' financial institutions.

Transactions with Directors' Financial		ree Months	ed June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
Institutions	2025 2024			2025		2024		
Net capital stock issuances (redemptions and repurchases)	\$	499	\$	68	\$	499	\$	385
Net advances		121,000		91,762		135,188		3,460
Mortgage loan purchases		19,999		23,156		38,210		36,428

The following table presents the aggregate balances of capital stock and advances outstanding for our directors' financial institutions and their balances as a percent of the total balances on our statement of condition.

	June 30, 2025				December 31, 2024			
Balances with Directors' Financial Institutions	P	ar Value	% of Total	I	Par Value	% of Total		
Capital stock	\$	45,687	2 %	\$	58,502	2 %		
Advances		631,215	2 %		734,786	2 %		

The composition of our directors' financial institutions changed due to changes in board membership on January 1, 2025 resulting from the 2024 board of directors' election.

Transactions with Other FHLBanks. Occasionally, we loan or borrow short-term funds to/from other FHLBanks in order to manage FHLBank System-wide liquidity. These loans and borrowings are transacted at current market rates when traded.

On June 30, 2025, the Bank borrowed \$700,000 from another FHLBank which was repaid on the next business day. No loans from another FHLBank were outstanding at December 31, 2024. Additionally, no loans to any FHLBank were outstanding at June 30, 2025 or December 31, 2024.

DEFINED TERMS

advance: Secured loan to member, former member or Housing Associate

AFS: Available-for-Sale **Agency:** GSE or Ginnie Mae

AHP: Affordable Housing Program required by applicable law

AOCI: Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income

bps: basis points

CDFI: Community Development Financial Institution, a mission-driven financial institution that creates economic opportunity

for individuals and small businesses, quality affordable housing, and essential community services in the United States **Clearinghouse:** A United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission-registered derivatives clearing organization

CO: Consolidated Obligation, including bonds and discount notes

EFFR: Effective Federal Funds Rate

Exchange Act: Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended **Fannie Mae:** Federal National Mortgage Association (GSE)

FHLBank: A Federal Home Loan Bank

FHLBanks: The 11 Federal Home Loan Banks or a subset thereof

FHLBank System: The 11 Federal Home Loan Banks and the Office of Finance

Finance Agency: United States Federal Housing Finance Agency **FOMC:** Federal Open Market Committee of the Federal Reserve

Form 8-K: Current Report on Form 8-K as filed with the SEC under the Exchange Act **Form 10-K:** Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the SEC under the Exchange Act **Form 10-Q:** Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q as filed with the SEC under the Exchange Act

Freddie Mac: Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (GSE)

GAAP: Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America

Ginnie Mae: Government National Mortgage Association **GSE:** United States Government-Sponsored Enterprise

Housing Associate: Approved lender under Title II of the National Housing Act of 1934 that is either a government agency or is chartered under federal or state law with rights and powers similar to those of a corporation

HTM: Held-to-Maturity LRA: Lender Risk Account

MBS: Mortgage-Backed Securities
MDC: Mandatory Delivery Commitment
Moody's: Moody's Investor Services

MPP: Mortgage Purchase Program, including Original and Advantage unless indicated otherwise

MRCS: Mandatorily Redeemable Capital Stock

MVE: Market Value of Equity

NRSRO: Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization

OCI: Other Comprehensive Income S&P: Standard & Poor's Rating Service

SEC: United States Securities and Exchange Commission

Securities Act: Securities Act of 1933, as amended

SERP: Collectively, the 2005 FHLBank of Indianapolis Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, as amended, and the

FHLBank of Indianapolis Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, frozen effective December 31, 2004

SOFR: Secured Overnight Financing Rate

TBA: To Be Announced, a forward contract for the purchase or sale of MBS at a future agreed-upon date for an established price

TVA: Tennessee Valley Authority UPB: Unpaid Principal Balance

WAIR: Weighted-Average Interest Rate

Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Presentation

This discussion and analysis by management of the Bank's financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our 2024 Form 10-K and the interim *Financial Statements* and related *Notes to Financial Statements* contained in *Item 1. Financial Statements*.

Unless otherwise stated, amounts disclosed in this Item are rounded to the nearest million; therefore, dollar amounts of less than one million may not be reflected or, due to rounding, may not appear to agree to the amounts presented in thousands in the *Financial Statements* and related *Notes to Financial Statements*. Amounts used to calculate dollar and percentage changes are based on numbers in the thousands. Accordingly, calculations based upon the disclosed amounts (millions) may not produce the same results.

Executive Summary

Overview. As an FHLBank, we are a regional wholesale bank that serves as a financial intermediary between the capital markets and our members. The Bank is structured as a financial cooperative, which allows our business to be scalable and self-capitalizing without taking undue risks, diminishing capital adequacy or jeopardizing profitability. Therefore, the Bank is generally designed to expand and contract in asset size as the needs of our members and their communities change.

We primarily make secured loans in the form of advances to our members and purchase whole mortgage loans from our members. Additionally, we purchase other investments and provide other financial services to our members.

Our principal source of funding is the proceeds from the sale to the public of FHLBank debt instruments, called consolidated obligations, which are the joint and several obligation of all FHLBanks. We obtain additional funds from deposits, other borrowings, and by issuing capital stock to our members.

In May 2025, Moody's downgraded the long-term credit ratings of the United States and in turn, the long-term rating of consolidated obligations and our long-term bank deposit ratings were also downgraded from Aaa to Aa1 with outlooks changing from negative to stable. As discussed in the Bank's Form 10-K, rating agency actions could adversely affect our cost of funds, our ability to access the capital markets, and/or our ability to enter into derivative instrument transactions on acceptable terms. The downgrade did not impact any current obligations of the Bank or our members, nor did it have an impact on our cost of funding, access to liquidity or our financial condition and results of operations.

Our primary source of revenue is interest earned on advances, mortgage loans, and investments, including MBS.

Our net interest income is primarily determined by the size of our balance sheet and the spread between the interest rate earned on our assets and the interest rate paid on our share of the consolidated obligations. A significant portion of net interest income may also be derived from deploying our capital which produces an asset yield but has no associated interest cost, i.e., interest-free capital. We use funding and hedging strategies to manage the interest-rate risk that arises from our lending and investing activities.

Due to our cooperative ownership structure and wholesale nature, we typically earn a narrow interest spread. Accordingly, our net income is relatively low compared to our total assets and capital.

In addition, as a cooperative, some members utilize our products more heavily and own more capital stock than others. As a result, we must achieve a balance in generating membership value from rates we charge on advances or prices we pay to purchase mortgage loans and paying a sufficient dividend rate.

Business Environment. The Bank's financial performance is influenced by several key national economic and market factors, including fiscal and monetary policies, the conditions in the housing markets and the level and volatility of market interest rates.

Economy and Financial Markets. The U.S. economy rebounded in the second quarter of 2025 as U.S. real gross domestic product, according the U.S. Commerce Department, grew at a seasonally and inflation adjusted 3% annual rate, up from a slight contraction in the first quarter. Despite elevated economic uncertainty and looming tariffs, consumers remained resilient as both consumer confidence and spending rose in the second quarter. The labor market remained solid as job growth continued at a steady pace in June, exceeding expectations. The unemployment rate declined slightly in June to 4.1% and continues to be low by historical measures, according to the U.S. Labor Department.

U.S. inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index published by the U.S. Labor Department, accelerated in June to an annual rate of 2.7%, a potential sign that companies are raising prices in order to pass tariff costs on to consumers. The associated measure of core prices, which excludes volatile food and energy prices, rose 2.9% compared to a year earlier, in line with forecasts.

<u>Conditions in U.S. Housing Markets.</u> Elevated mortgage interest rates continue to keep many buyers out of the market due to a lack of affordability, reducing housing demand. At the same time, high mortgage rates have discouraged many homeowners from selling as many are reluctant to give up their existing low mortgage rates, reducing the available inventory of homes for sale.

The result of lower demand and lower, but rising, supply was declining existing-home sales and stubbornly high prices. Existing-home sales, which comprise most of the housing market, fell to a nine-month low in June according to the National Association of Realtors ("NAR"), capping off a disappointing spring selling season, when activity tends to peak, and making a housing-market recovery unlikely in 2025.

Housing affordability, particularly for first-time home buyers, remains an economic burden as the most recent NAR affordability index remained well below historic norms.

<u>Interest Rate Levels and Volatility.</u> The Federal Reserve seeks to achieve maximum employment and inflation at the rate of 2% over the longer run. In support of these goals, at its meeting on June 18, 2025, the FOMC decided to maintain the target range at 4.25 to 4.5 percent, stating that "uncertainty about the economic outlook has diminished but remains elevated."

The following table presents certain key interest rates.

	Average for Three Months Ended June 30,		Average f Months I		Period End		
			June 3	30,	June 30,	December 31,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Federal Funds Effective	4.33 %	5.33 %	4.33 %	5.33 %	4.33 %	4.33 %	
SOFR	4.32 %	5.32 %	4.33 %	5.32 %	4.45 %	4.49 %	
1-week Overnight-Indexed Swap	4.33 %	5.33 %	4.33 %	5.33 %	4.33 %	4.33 %	
3-month U.S. Treasury yield	4.32 %	5.39 %	4.31 %	5.39 %	4.30 %	4.32 %	
2-year U.S Treasury yield	3.87 %	4.84 %	4.01 %	4.67 %	3.72 %	4.24 %	
10-year U.S. Treasury yield	4.36 %	4.45 %	4.41 %	4.30 %	4.23 %	4.57 %	

Source: Bloomberg

The level and volatility of interest rates, including the shape of the yield curve, were affected by several factors, principally efforts by the Federal Reserve beginning in late March 2022 to raise interest rates and tighten monetary policy to combat high inflation.

As the FOMC raised short-term rates, portions of the Treasury yield curve became inverted. The 2-year rate was consistently higher than the 10-year rate. Investors use the 10-year Treasury yield as an indicator of investor confidence. The 2-year rate fell below the 10-year rate during the latter part of 2024, as that portion of the yield curve steepened, and has remained that way thus far in 2025.

At its meeting on July 30, 2025, the FOMC decided to maintain the target range at 4.25 to 4.5 percent, noting "uncertainty about the economic outlook remains elevated."

Impact on Operating Results. Lending and investing activity by our member institutions are key drivers for our balance sheet and income growth. Such activity is a function of both prevailing interest rates and economic activity, including local economic factors, particularly relating to the housing and mortgage markets.

Positive economic trends tend to increase demand by our members for advances to support their funding needs but can drive market interest rates higher, which can impair activity in the mortgage market. A less active mortgage market can adversely affect demand for advances and activity levels in our Advantage MPP. However, member demand for liquidity, particularly during stressed market conditions, can also lead to advances growth. Negative economic trends tend to decrease demand by our members for advances but can drive market interest rates lower, which can spur activity in the mortgage market. A more active mortgage market can positively affect demand for advances and our Advantage MPP.

The Bank has a diversified portfolio of advances to insurance company and depository members. Borrowing patterns between our insurance company and depository members can differ during various economic and market conditions, thereby easing the potential magnitude of core business fluctuations during business cycles.

The level and trends of market interest rates and the shape of the U.S. Treasury yield curve affect our yields and margins on earning assets, including advances, purchased mortgage loans, and our investment portfolio, which contribute to our overall profitability. Additionally, trends in market interest rates drive mortgage origination and prepayment activity, which can lead to net interest margin volatility in our MPP and MBS portfolios. A flat or inverted yield curve, in which the difference between short-term interest rates and long-term interest rates is low, or negative, respectively, may have an unfavorable impact on our net interest margins. A steep yield curve, in which the difference between short-term and long-term interest rates is high, may have a favorable impact on our net interest margins. The level of interest rates also directly affects our earnings on assets funded by our interest-free capital.

Supporting Housing and Community Investment. In addition to providing a readily available, competitively-priced source of funds to members, one of our core missions is to support affordable housing and community investment. A number of programs administered by the Bank are targeted to fulfill that mission, some of which are statutory and some are voluntary. The Bank is statutorily required to set aside 10% of earnings to support affordable housing each year. These funds assist members in serving very low- and low- or moderate-income households. In addition to statutory AHP assessments, we have committed to allocating voluntary funding to our AHP and various affordable housing and community investment programs in 2025 of 7.5% of our 2024 earnings. However, the timing of the recognition of such allocations as expense may vary due to the applicable accounting requirements.

Results of Operations and Changes in Financial Condition

Results of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024. The following table presents the comparative highlights of our results of operations (\$ amounts in millions).

	Three Months Ended June 30,					e 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,				
Condensed Statements of Comprehensive Income		2025		2024	Ch	\$ ange	% Change	2025	2024	\$ Change	% Change
Interest income	\$	987	\$	1,034	\$	(47)	(5)%	\$ 1,927	\$ 2,050	\$ (123)	(6)%
Interest expense		859		909		(50)	(6)%	1,674	1,796	(122)	(7)%
Net interest income after provision for (reversal of) credit losses		128		125		3	2 %	253	254	(1)	— %
Other income		9		6		3		9	16	(7)	
Other expenses		37		32		5		79	65	14	
Income before assessments		100		99		1	1 %	183	205	(22)	(11)%
AHP assessments		10		10				19	21	(2)	
Net income		90		89		1	1 %	164	184	(20)	(11)%
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(39)		(11)		(28)	1 /0	(39)	90	. (129)	(11)/0
Total comprehensive income	\$	51	\$	78	\$	(27)	(34)%	\$ 125	\$ 274	\$ (149)	(54)%

Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2025 was \$90 million, a net increase of \$1 million compared to the corresponding period in the prior year.

Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was \$164 million, a net decrease of \$20 million compared to the corresponding period in the prior year. The decrease was primarily due to net unrealized losses on qualifying fair-value and economic hedging relationships, a substantial increase in voluntary contributions to affordable housing and community investment programs, and lower earnings on the portion of the Bank's assets funded by its capital, partially offset by higher interest spreads on interest-earning assets, net of interest-bearing liabilities.

The net changes in total OCI for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the corresponding period in the prior year were substantially due to net unrealized losses on AFS securities.

The following table presents the returns on average assets and returns on average equity.

	Three Months En	Six Months Ended June 30,			
Ratios (annualized)	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Return on average assets	0.43 %	0.48 %	0.40 %	0.50 %	
Return on average equity	8.52 %	9.21 %	7.78 %	9.51 %	

The decline in the returns for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the corresponding period in the prior year was due to the increase in average balances. The decline in the returns for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the corresponding period in the prior year was due to the decrease in net income and the increase in average balances.

Changes in Financial Condition for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2025.

The following table presents the comparative highlights of our changes in financial condition (\$ amounts in millions).

Condensed Statements of Condition	June 30, 2025	_1	December 31, 2024	\$ Change	% Change
Advances	\$ 41,343	\$	39,833	\$ 1,510	4 %
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net	12,018		10,796	1,222	11 %
Liquidity investments ¹	16,266		12,911	3,355	26 %
Other investment securities ²	20,607		20,189	418	2 %
Other assets	786		806	(20)	(2)%
Total assets	\$ 91,020	\$	84,535	\$ 6,485	8 %
Consolidated obligations	\$ 83,899	\$	78,085	\$ 5,814	7 %
MRCS	292		363	(71)	(20)%
Other liabilities	2,514		1,852	662	36 %
Total liabilities	86,705		80,300	6,405	8 %
Capital stock	2,612		2,555	57	2 %
Retained earnings ³	1,746		1,684	62	4 %
Accumulated other comprehensive					
income (loss)	(43)		(4)	(39)	(786)%
Total capital	4,315		4,235	80	2 %
Total liabilities and capital	\$ 91,020	\$	84,535	\$ 6,485	8 %
Total regulatory capital ⁴	\$ 4,650	\$	4,602	\$ 48	1 %

Includes cash, interest-bearing deposits, securities purchased under agreements to resell, federal funds sold and U.S. Treasury obligations classified as trading securities.

Total assets at June 30, 2025, were \$91.0 billion, a net increase of \$6.5 billion, or 8%, from December 31, 2024, primarily due to an increase in liquidity investments, advances and mortgage loans.

Advances outstanding at June 30, 2025, at carrying value, totaled \$41.3 billion, a net increase of \$1.5 billion, or 4%, from December 31, 2024. The par value of advances outstanding increased by 3% to \$41.3 billion, which included a net increase in short-term advances of 4% and a net increase in long-term advances of 2%. At June 30, 2025, based on contractual maturities, long-term advances composed 62% of advances outstanding, while short-term advances composed 38%.

Mortgage loans held for portfolio at June 30, 2025 totaled \$12.0 billion, a net increase of \$1.2 billion, or 11%, from December 31, 2024, as the Bank's purchases from its members exceeded principal repayments by borrowers. Purchases of mortgage loans from members for the six months ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$1.8 billion.

Liquidity investments at June 30, 2025 totaled \$16.3 billion, a net increase of \$3.4 billion, or 26%, from December 31, 2024. Cash and short-term investments represented 93% of the total liquidity investments at June 30, 2025, while U.S. Treasury obligations represented 7%.

Other investment securities, which consist substantially of MBS and U.S. Treasury obligations classified as HTM or AFS, at June 30, 2025, totaled \$20.6 billion, a net increase of \$418 million, or 2%, from December 31, 2024.

Includes AFS and HTM securities.

Includes restricted retained earnings at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 of \$499 million and \$466 million, respectively.

⁴ Total capital less AOCI plus MRCS.

The Bank's consolidated obligations outstanding at June 30, 2025 totaled \$83.9 billion, a net increase of \$5.8 billion, or 7%, from December 31, 2024, which reflected increased funding needs associated with the net increase in the Bank's total assets.

Total capital at June 30, 2025 was \$4.3 billion, a net increase of \$80 million, or 2%, from December 31, 2024. The net increase resulted primarily from members' purchases of capital stock to support their advance activity and the growth in retained earnings, offset by the Bank's repurchases of capital stock in the first quarter.

The Bank's regulatory capital-to-assets ratio at June 30, 2025 was 5.11%, which exceeds all applicable regulatory capital requirements.

Outlook. We believe that our financial performance will continue to provide sufficient, risk-adjusted returns for our members across a wide range of business, financial and economic environments.

Our board of directors seeks to reward our members with a sufficient, risk-adjusted return on their investment, particularly those who actively utilize our products and services. On July 29, 2025, our board of directors declared a cash dividend on Class B-2 activity-based stock at an annualized rate of 9.50% and on Class B-1 non-activity-based stock at an annualized rate of 4.50%, resulting in a spread between the rates of 5.0 percentage points. The overall weighted-average annualized rate paid on member capital stock was 8.40%. The dividends were paid in cash on July 30, 2025.

The ultimate effects of economic and financial markets activity, including fiscal and monetary policies, the conditions in the housing markets and the level and volatility of market interest rates, as well as legislative and regulatory actions, continue to evolve and are highly uncertain and, therefore, the future impact on our business is difficult to predict.

Analysis of Results of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

<u>Interest Income</u>. Interest income on advances, mortgage loans held for portfolio, and investment securities is our primary source of revenue. Interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$987 million, a decrease of \$47 million compared to the corresponding period in the prior year, primarily driven by a decrease in yields resulting from lower short-term market interest rates, partially offset by an increase in the average balances of interest-earning assets.

Interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$1.9 billion, a decrease of \$123 million compared to the corresponding period in the prior year, primarily driven by a decrease in yields resulting from lower short-term market interest rates, partially offset by an increase in the average balances of interest-earning assets.

When an advance is prepaid, we could suffer lower future income if the principal portion of the prepaid advance is reinvested in lower-yielding assets. To protect against this risk, we charge a borrower a prepayment fee when the borrower prepays certain advances before their original maturity, which makes us financially indifferent to a borrower's decision to prepay an advance. Certain advances may contain symmetrical prepayment fee provisions for which we may charge the borrower a prepayment fee or pay the borrower a prepayment credit, depending on certain circumstances, such as movements in interest rates, when the advance is prepaid. Advances with symmetrical prepayment provisions are generally hedged with derivatives containing offsetting terms. We record prepayment fees, net of swap termination fees, as interest income on advances.

The following table presents the components of advance prepayment fees included in interest income (\$ amounts in millions):

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Si	x Months E	Ended June 30,		
Components	202	25		2024		2025		2024
Gross amount of prepayment fees received from advance borrowers	\$	1	\$	_	\$	4	\$	_
Gross amount of prepayment credits paid to advance borrowers				_		(2)		(1)
Gross advance prepayment fees received (paid)		1				2		(1)
Swap termination fees received		4		_		5		1
Total advance prepayment fees, net	\$	5	\$		\$	7	\$	_

<u>Interest Expense.</u> Interest expense on consolidated obligations is our primary expense. Interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$859 million, a decrease of \$50 million compared to the corresponding period in the prior year,

primarily driven by a decrease in our cost of funds resulting from lower short-term market interest rates, partially offset by an increase in the average balances of interest-bearing liabilities.

Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$1.7 billion, a decrease of \$122 million compared to the corresponding period in the prior year, primarily driven by a decrease in our cost of funds resulting from lower short-term market interest rates, partially offset by an increase in the average balances of interest-bearing liabilities.

<u>Net Interest Income</u>. Net interest income is our primary source of earnings and is generated from the net interest spread on assets funded by liabilities and the yield on assets funded by interest-free capital as well as the average balances of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities.

The increase in net interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the corresponding period in the prior year was substantially due to higher interest spreads on interest-earnings assets, net of interest-bearing liabilities, partially offset by lower earnings on the portion of the Bank's assets funded by its capital and net unrealized losses on qualifying fair-value hedging relationships.

The decrease in net interest income for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the corresponding period in the prior year was substantially due to lower earnings on the portion of the Bank's assets funded by its capital and net unrealized losses on qualifying fair-value hedging relationships, partially offset by higher interest spreads on interest-earnings assets, net of interest-bearing liabilities.

For our hedging relationships that qualified for hedge accounting, the differences between the changes in fair value of the hedged items and the associated derivatives (i.e., hedge ineffectiveness) are recorded in net interest income and resulted in net hedging losses for the three months ended June 30, 2025 of \$(1) million, compared to net hedging gains for the corresponding period in the prior year of \$1 million, and net hedging losses for the six months ended June 30, 2025 of \$(3) million, compared to net hedging gains for the corresponding period in the prior year of \$5 million.

Our net gains (losses) on derivatives fluctuate due to volatility in the overall interest-rate environment as we hedge our asset and liability risk exposures. In general, we hold derivatives and associated hedged items to the maturity, call, or put date. Therefore, due to timing, nearly all of the cumulative net gains and losses for these financial instruments will generally reverse over the remaining contractual terms of the hedged item. However, there may be instances when we terminate these instruments prior to the maturity, call or put date, which may result in a realized gain or loss.

The following table presents average daily balances, interest income/expense, and average yields/cost of funds of our major categories of interest-earning assets and their funding sources (\$ amounts in millions).

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2025 2024								
			202	25					
		verage Salance	Inte Inco Expe	me/	Average Yield/ Cost of Funds ^{1,2}		verage Salance	Interest Income/ Expense ¹	Average Yield/ Cost of Funds ^{1,2}
Assets:									
Securities purchased under agreements to									
resell	\$	3,959	\$	44	4.40 %	\$	3,437	\$ 46	5.41 %
Federal funds sold		3,828		42	4.40 %		4,034	54	5.42 %
MBS ^{3,4}		13,150		171	5.23 %		12,073	192	6.41 %
Other investment securities ^{3,4}		8,474		99	4.70 %		8,303	119	5.73 %
Advances ⁴		40,939		483	4.73 %		35,360	508	5.78 %
Mortgage loans held for portfolio ^{4,5}		11,705		125	4.28 %		9,118	85	3.72 %
Other assets (interest-earning) ⁶		2,157		23	4.27 %		2,278	30	5.33 %
Total interest-earning assets		84,212		987	4.70 %		74,603	1,034	5.57 %
Other assets, net ⁷		78					(535)		
Total assets	\$	84,290				\$	74,068		
Liabilities and Capital:									
Interest-bearing deposits	\$	909		9	4.16 %	\$	897	11	5.23 %
Discount notes		24,595		264	4.30 %		18,674	249	5.36 %
CO bonds ⁴		53,316		582	4.38 %		49,578	643	5.22 %
MRCS		292		4	5.76 %		366	6	6.05 %
Total interest-bearing liabilities		79,112		859	4.36 %		69,515	909	5.26 %
Other liabilities		955					673		
Total capital		4,223					3,880		
Total liabilities and capital	\$	84,290				\$	74,068		
Net interest income			\$	128				\$ 125	
Net spread on interest-earning assets less interest-bearing liabilities ²					0.34 %				0.31 %
Net interest margin ⁸					0.61 %				0.67 %
Average interest-earning assets to interest- bearing liabilities		1.06					1.07		

Six Months Ended June 30,

			20	25					2	2024	
		verage Balance	Inc	erest ome/ ense ¹	Average Yield/ Cost of Funds ^{1,}	ŕ		verage alance	Ir	nterest ncome/ xpense ¹	Average Yield/ Cost of Funds ^{1,2}
Assets:											
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	\$	4,522	\$	99	4.40	0/2	¢	2,536	\$	68	5.41 %
Federal funds sold	Ψ	3,325	Ψ	72	4.40		Ψ	4,523	Ψ	122	5.42 %
MBS ^{3,4}		13,097		342	5.27			12,006		381	6.38 %
Other investment securities ^{3,4}		8,436		198	4.72			8,156		233	5.74 %
Advances ⁴		39,603		929	4.73			35,668		1,023	5.77 %
Mortgage loans held for portfolio ^{4,5}		11,394		241	4.26	%		8,919		162	3.66 %
Other assets (interest-earning) ⁶		2,170		46	4.29	%		2,289		61	5.32 %
Total interest-earning assets		82,547		1,927	4.71	%		74,097		2,050	5.56 %
Other assets, net ⁷		32						(511)			
Total assets	\$	82,579					\$	73,586			
Liabilities and Capital:											
Interest-bearing deposits	\$	952		20	4.16	%	\$	818		21	5.22 %
Discount notes		22,981		493	4.33	%		18,721		499	5.36 %
CO bonds ⁴		53,175		1,152	4.37	%		49,118		1,265	5.18 %
MRCS		315		9	5.66	%		367		11	5.94 %
Total interest-bearing liabilities		77,423		1,674	4.36	%		69,024		1,796	5.23 %
Other liabilities		901						675			
Total capital		4,255						3,887			
Total liabilities and capital	\$	82,579				,	\$	73,586			
Net interest income			\$	253					\$	254	
Net spread on interest-earning assets less interest-bearing liabilities ²					0.35	%					0.33 %
Net interest margin ⁸					0.62	%					0.69 %
Average interest-earning assets to interest- bearing liabilities		1.07						1.07			

Includes hedging gains (losses) and net interest settlements on qualifying fair-value hedging relationships. Excludes impact of purchase discount (premium) recorded through mark-to-market gains (losses) on trading securities and net interest settlements on derivatives hedging trading securities.

² Annualized.

The average balances of AFS securities are based on amortized cost; therefore, the resulting yields do not reflect changes in the estimated fair value that are a component of OCI.

Interest income/expense and average yield/cost of funds include all components of interest, including the impact of net interest payments or receipts on derivatives in qualifying hedge relationships, amortization of hedge accounting basis adjustments, and prepayment fees on advances. Excludes net interest payments or receipts on derivatives in economic hedging relationships, including those hedging trading securities.

⁵ Includes non-accrual loans.

⁶ Consists of interest-bearing deposits and loans to other FHLBanks (if applicable). Includes the rights or obligations to cash collateral, except for variation margin payments characterized as daily settled contracts.

Includes cumulative changes in the estimated fair value of AFS securities and grantor trust assets.

Annualized net interest income expressed as a percentage of the average balances of interest-earning assets.

Changes in both volume and interest rates determine changes in net interest income and net interest margin. However, changes in the estimated fair values of derivatives in fair-value hedge relationships, and changes in the fair value of the hedged item that are attributable to the hedged risk, are recorded in net interest income. Interest income on trading securities is also included, but the net interest settlements on derivatives hedging trading securities and the purchase discount (premium) recorded through mark-to-market gains (losses) on trading securities are recorded in other income.

Changes in interest income and interest expense that are not identifiable as either volume-related or rate-related, but are attributable to both volume and rate changes, have been allocated to the volume and rate categories based upon the proportion of the volume and rate changes.

The following table presents the changes in interest income and interest expense by volume and rate (\$ amounts in millions).

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,							
	2025 vs. 2024					2025 vs. 2024						
Components	Vo	lume		Rate		Total		Volume		Rate		Total
Increase (decrease) in interest income:												
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	\$	6	\$	(8)	\$	(2)	\$	45	\$	(14)	\$	31
Federal funds sold		(2)		(10)		(12)		(29)		(21)		(50)
MBS		16		(37)		(21)		33		(72)		(39)
Other investment securities		2		(22)		(20)		5		(40)		(35)
Advances		73		(98)		(25)		105		(199)		(94)
Mortgage loans held for portfolio		26		14		40		50		29		79
Other assets (interest-earning)		(1)		(6)		(7)		(3)		(12)		(15)
Total		120		(167)		(47)		206		(329)		(123)
Increase (decrease) in interest expense:												
Interest-bearing deposits		_		(2)		(2)		3		(4)		(1)
Discount notes		69		(54)		15		102		(108)		(6)
CO bonds		46		(107)		(61)		99		(212)		(113)
MRCS		(1)		(1)		(2)		(1)		(1)		(2)
Total		114		(164)		(50)		203		(325)		(122)
Increase (decrease) in net interest income	\$	6	\$	(3)	\$	3	\$	3	\$	(4)	\$	(1)

Average Balances. The average balances of interest-earning assets for the three months ended June 30, 2025 increased by 13% compared to the corresponding period in the prior year. The average balances of mortgage loans increased by 28% as a result of increases in purchases from our members. The average balances of advances increased by 16% as a result of increased utilization of a particular short-term adjustable rate product. The average balances of MBS and other investment securities increased by 6%, reflecting our goal to maintain investments in MBS near the 300% regulatory limit. The average balances of interest-bearing liabilities for the three months ended June 30, 2025 increased by 14% compared to the corresponding period in the prior year. The average balances of discount notes increased by 32% and the average balances of CO bonds increased by 8%, reflecting increased funding needs. As a result, the average balances of total interest-earning assets, net of interest-bearing liabilities, increased by 0.3%.

The average balances of interest-earning assets for the six months ended June 30, 2025 increased by 11% compared to the corresponding period in the prior year. The average balances of mortgage loans increased by 28% as a result of increases in purchases from our members. The average balances of advances increased by 11% as a result of increased utilization of a particular short-term adjustable rate product. The average balances of MBS and other investment securities increased by 7%, reflecting our goal to maintain investments in MBS near the 300% regulatory limit. The average balances of interest-bearing liabilities for the six months ended June 30, 2025 increased by 12% compared to the corresponding period in the prior year. The average balances of discount notes increased by 23% and the average balances of CO bonds increased by 8%, reflecting increased funding needs. As a result, the average balances of total interest-earning assets, net of interest-bearing liabilities, increased by 1%.

Yields/Cost of Funds. The average yield on total interest-earning assets, including the impact of hedging gains and (losses) but excluding certain impacts of trading securities and associated derivatives, for the three months ended June 30, 2025 was 4.70%, a decrease of 87 bps compared to the corresponding period in the prior year, resulting substantially from lower short-term market interest rates that led to lower yields on our interest-earning assets. Such decrease contributed to the decrease in interest income on the portion of the Bank's assets funded by its interest-free capital. The average cost of funds of total interest-bearing liabilities, including the impact of hedging gains and (losses), for the three months ended June 30, 2025 was 4.36%, a decrease of 90 bps due to lower funding costs on all of our interest-bearing liabilities, resulting substantially from lower short-term market interest rates. The net effect was an increase in the overall net interest spread of 3 bps, including the impact of hedging gains and (losses) but excluding certain impacts of trading securities, compared to the corresponding period in the prior year.

The average yield on total interest-earning assets, including the impact of hedging gains and (losses) but excluding certain impacts of trading securities and associated derivatives, for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was 4.71%, a decrease of 85 bps compared to the corresponding period in the prior year, resulting substantially from lower short-term market interest rates that led to lower yields on our interest-earning assets. Such decrease contributed to the decrease in interest income on the portion of the Bank's assets funded by its interest-free capital. The average cost of funds of total interest-bearing liabilities, including the impact of hedging gains and (losses), for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was 4.36%, a decrease of 87 bps due to lower funding costs on all of our interest-bearing liabilities, resulting substantially from lower short-term market interest rates. The net effect was an increase in the overall net interest spread of 2 bps, including the impact of hedging gains and (losses) but excluding certain impacts of trading securities, compared to the corresponding period in the prior year.

Net interest margin for the three months ended June 30, 2025 was 0.61%, a decrease of 6 bps compared to the corresponding period in the prior year, primarily due to lower interest income on the portion of the Bank's assets funded by its capital.

Net interest margin for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was 0.62%, a decrease of 7 bps compared to the corresponding period in the prior year, primarily due to lower interest income on the portion of the Bank's assets funded by its capital.

Other Income. The following table presents a comparison of the components of other income (\$ amounts in millions).

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months E	June 30,		
Components		2025		2024	2025		2024
Net unrealized gains on trading securities ¹	\$	2	\$	3	\$ 9	\$	_
Net realized gains (losses) on trading securities ²		_		_	_		(1)
Net gains (losses) on trading securities		2		3	9		(1)
Net gains (losses) on derivatives hedging trading securities		(1)		(2)	(6)		4
Net gains (losses) on other derivatives not designated as hedging instruments ³		1		_	(6)		_
Net interest settlements on economic derivatives ⁴		_		2	2		4
Net gains (losses) on derivatives		_		_	(10)		8
Change in fair value of investments indirectly funding the liabilities under the SERP		4		_	3		3
Net realized gains on sales of AFS securities		_		2	3		2
Other, net		3		1	4		4
Total other income	\$	9	\$	6	\$ 9	\$	16

¹ Includes impact of purchase discount (premium) recorded through mark-to-market gains (losses). Excludes impact of associated derivatives.

The increase in total other income for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the corresponding period in the prior year was primarily due to a favorable change in the fair value of investments indirectly funding the liabilities under the SERP.

The decrease in total other income for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the corresponding period in the prior year was due substantially to unrealized losses on our derivatives not in qualifying fair-value hedging relationships. However, if these derivatives are held to their maturity dates, nearly all of the losses are expected to be recovered over their remaining contractual terms.

Includes, at maturity, 100% of original discount (premium) as gain (loss). Excludes impact of associated derivatives.

Includes swap termination fees received (paid) associated with sales of AFS securities.

⁴ Generally offsetting interest income on trading securities or interest expense on the associated funding is included in net interest income.

Other Expenses. The following table presents a comparison of the components of other expenses (\$ amounts in millions).

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six	Months E	nded June 30,	
Components		2025		2024	- 2	2025		2024
Compensation and benefits	\$	17	\$	15	\$	34	\$	32
Other operating expenses		10		9		18		17
Finance Agency and Office of Finance		3		2		7		6
Voluntary contributions to housing and community investment		5		4		17		7
Other		2		2		3		3
Total other expenses	\$	37	\$	32	\$	79	\$	65

The net increase in total other expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the corresponding period in the prior year was primarily due to an increase in voluntary contributions to housing and community investment, and an increase in compensation and benefits due to an increase in post-retirement benefits resulting from changes in market conditions, the impact of which was fully offset by a corresponding change in fair value recorded in other income.

The net increase in total other expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to the corresponding period in the prior year was primarily due to an increase in voluntary contributions to housing and community investment.

Supporting Housing and Community Investment. The following table presents additional information regarding our voluntary contributions to housing and community investment (\$ amounts in millions). The timing of the recognition of such contributions in other expenses can vary due to applicable accounting requirements.

	Three	Ende	d June 30,	Six Month	nded June 30),		
Voluntary Contribution Components	2025			2024	2025		2024	
Contributions to AHP	\$	_	\$	3	\$		\$	3
Grants and donations to affordable housing and community investment		4		1		15		4
Total voluntary contribution fulfillment		4		4		15		7
Supplemental voluntary contributions to AHP ¹		1				2		
Total voluntary contributions to housing and community investment	\$	5	\$	4	\$	17	\$	7

To restore the statutory AHP assessments to what the total otherwise would have been without any voluntary contributions recorded as an expense.

<u>AHP Assessments.</u> For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, our AHP assessments were \$10 million and \$19 million, respectively. Our AHP assessment fluctuates in accordance with our net earnings.

The Bank's combined required and voluntary allocation for the six months ended June 30, 2025 totaled \$36 million, an increase of \$8 million compared to the corresponding period in the prior year.

<u>Total Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)</u>. Total OCI for the three months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 consisted substantially of unrealized losses on AFS securities. Total OCI for the six months ended June 30, 2025 consisted substantially of unrealized losses on AFS securities compared to net unrealized gains for the corresponding period in the prior year. These amounts represent the portion of the changes in fair value that are not attributable to the risks being hedged in fair-value hedge relationships and were primarily impacted by changes in interest rates, credit spreads and volatility.

Analysis of Financial Condition

Total Assets. The table below presents the comparative highlights of our major asset categories (\$ amounts in millions).

	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024			
Major Asset Categories		arrying Value	% of Total	Carrying Value	% of Total	
Advances	\$	41,343	45 %	\$ 39,833	47 %	
Mortgage loans held for portfolio, net		12,018	13 %	10,796	13 %	
Cash and short-term investments		15,169	17 %	11,823	14 %	
Trading securities		1,097	1 %	1,088	1 %	
MBS		13,171	15 %	12,863	15 %	
Other investment securities		7,436	8 %	7,326	9 %	
Other assets ¹		786	1 %	806	1 %	
Total assets	\$	91,020	100 %	\$ 84,535	100 %	

Includes accrued interest receivable, premises, software and equipment, derivative assets and other miscellaneous assets.

Total assets as of June 30, 2025 were \$91.0 billion, a net increase of \$6.5 billion, or 8%, compared to December 31, 2024, primarily driven by increases in cash and short-term investments, advances, and mortgage loans. The mix of our assets at June 30, 2025 remained relatively consistent with December 31, 2024, with the largest change being to cash and short-term investments which increased from 14% to 17%.

<u>Advances</u>. In general, advances fluctuate in accordance with our members' funding needs, primarily determined by their deposit levels, mortgage pipelines, loan growth, investment opportunities, available collateral, other balance sheet strategies, and the cost of alternative funding options.

Advances at June 30, 2025 at carrying value totaled \$41.3 billion, a net increase of \$1.5 billion, or 4%, compared to December 31, 2024. Advances outstanding, at par, totaled \$41.3 billion, a net increase of \$1.2 billion, or 3%. Advances outstanding, at par, to our depository members decreased by \$216 million, or 1%, and advances outstanding, at par, to our insurance company members increased by \$1.4 billion, or 10%.

Our advances portfolio is well-diversified with advances to commercial banks and savings institutions, credit unions, and insurance companies.

The table below presents advances outstanding by type of financial institution (\$ amounts in millions).

	June 3	0, 2025	December 31, 2024			
Borrower Type	Par Value	% of Total	Par Value	% of Total		
Depository institutions:						
Commercial banks and savings institutions	\$ 19,197	46 %	\$ 19,280	48 %		
Credit unions	5,437	13 %	5,567	14 %		
Former members	1,602	4 %	1,605	4 %		
Total depository institutions	26,236	63 %	26,452	66 %		
Insurance companies:						
Insurance companies	15,078	37 %	13,692	34 %		
Former members	5	%	5	%		
Total insurance companies	15,083	37 %	13,697	34 %		
CDFIs	3		1			
Total advances outstanding	\$ 41,322	100 %	\$ 40,150	100 %		

The following table presents the par value of advances outstanding by product type and redemption term, some of which contain call or put options (\$ amounts in millions).

	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024			
Product Type and Redemption Term	Par Value	% of Total	Par Value	% of Total		
Fixed-rate:	· ·					
Without call or put options						
Due in 1 year or less	\$ 8,559	21 %	\$ 8,491	21 %		
Due after 1 through 5 years	13,779	33 %	12,546	31 %		
Due after 5 through 15 years	858	2 %	1,436	4 %		
Thereafter	8	%	10	%		
Total	23,204	56 %	22,483	56 %		
Callable or prepayable						
Due after 1 through 5 years	5	— %	5	— %		
Due after 5 through 15 years	36	— %	36	— %		
Total	41	<u> </u>	41	— %		
Putable						
Due in 1 year or less	5	— %	_	— %		
Due after 1 through 5 years	2,459	6 %	1,772	4 %		
Due after 5 through 15 years	3,104	8 %	4,269	11 %		
Total	5,568	14 %	6,041	15 %		
Total fixed-rate	28,813	70 %	28,565	71 %		
Variable-rate:						
Without call or put options						
Due in 1 year or less	205	— %	100	— %		
Due after 1 through 5 years	630	2 %	510	1 %		
Total	835	2 %	610	1 %		
Callable or prepayable						
Due in 1 year or less	6,886	17 %	6,464	16 %		
Due after 1 through 5 years	2,913	7 %	2,652	7 %		
Due after 5 through 15 years	1,411	3 %	1,455	4 %		
Thereafter	459	1 %	404	1 %		
Total	11,669	28 %	10,975	28 %		
Overdrawn demand and overnight deposit accounts	5	%		%		
Total variable-rate	12,509	30 %	11,585	29 %		
Total advances	\$ 41,322	100 %	\$ 40,150	100 %		

The mix of fixed- vs. variable-rate advances at June 30, 2025 remained consistent with December 31, 2024. At June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, fixed-rate advances included \$22.9 billion that are swapped to effectively create variable-rate advances, consistent with our balance sheet strategies to manage interest-rate risk.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the par value of advances due in one year or less increased by 4%, while advances due after one year increased by 2%. As a result, advances due in one year or less, as a percentage of the total outstanding at par, totaled 38% at June 30, 2025, an increase from 37% at December 31, 2024. However, based on the earlier of the redemption or next put date, advances due in one year or less, as a percentage of the total outstanding, at par, at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 totaled 49%.

The following table presents our variable-rate advances outstanding by the associated interest-rate index (\$ amounts in millions).

Variable Interest-Rate Index	June 30, 2025		
SOFR	\$	2,679	\$ 2,579
FHLBanks cost of funds		3,581	3,183
EFFR		6,186	5,752
Other		63	71
Total variable-rate advances, at par value	\$	12,509	\$ 11,585

<u>Mortgage Loans Held for Portfolio.</u> Mortgage loans held for portfolio at June 30, 2025, at carrying value, totaled \$12.0 billion, a net increase of \$1.2 billion, or 11%, from December 31, 2024, as the Bank's purchases from its members exceeded principal repayments by borrowers.

In general, our volume of mortgage loans purchased is affected by several factors, including interest rates, competition, the general level of housing and refinancing activity in the United States, consumer product preferences, our balance sheet capacity and risk appetite, and regulatory considerations.

The following table summarizes the activity in the UPB of mortgage loans held for portfolio (\$ amounts in millions).

	Three Months Ended June 30,					d June 30,		
Mortgage Loans Activity		2025		2024		2025		2024
Balance, beginning of period	\$	11,163	\$	8,687	\$	10,591	\$	8,453
Purchases by Bank		927		751		1,744		1,159
Principal repayments by borrowers		(300)		(222)		(545)		(396)
Balance, end of period	\$	11,790	\$	9,216	\$	11,790	\$	9,216

<u>Liquidity and Other Investment Securities.</u> The following table presents a comparison of the components of our liquidity investments and other investment securities at carrying value (\$ amounts in millions).

		June 30	, 2025	December 31, 2024			
Components	Carr	ying Value	% of Total	Carrying Value	% of Total		
Liquidity investments:							
Cash and short-term investments:							
Cash and due from banks	\$	58	— %	\$ 71	— %		
Interest-bearing deposits		1,267	4 %	857	3 %		
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		9,700	26 %	7,500	23 %		
Federal funds sold		4,144	11 %	3,395	10 %		
Total cash and short-term investments		15,169	41 %	11,823	36 %		
Trading securities:							
U.S. Treasury obligations		1,097	3 %	1,088	3 %		
Total trading securities		1,097	3 %	1,088	3 %		
Total liquidity investments		16,266	44 %	12,911	39 %		
Other investment securities:							
AFS securities:							
U.S. Treasury obligations		5,867	16 %	5,695	17 %		
GSE and TVA debentures		1,509	4 %	1,583	5 %		
GSE multifamily MBS		7,232	20 %	7,072	21 %		
Total AFS securities		14,608	40 %	14,350	43 %		
HTM securities:							
State housing agency obligations		60	— %	48	— %		
Other U.S. obligations - guaranteed single-family MBS		3,380	9 %	3,598	11 %		
GSE single-family MBS		2,019	6 %	1,653	5 %		
GSE multifamily MBS		540	1 %	540	2 %		
Total HTM securities		5,999	16 %	5,839	18 %		
Total other investment securities		20,607	56 %	20,189	61 %		
Total cash and investments, carrying value	\$	36,873	100 %	\$ 33,100	100 %		

Liquidity Investments. The total outstanding balance and composition of our liquidity investments are influenced by our liquidity needs, regulatory requirements, actual and anticipated member advance activity, market conditions, and the availability of short-term investments at attractive interest rates, relative to our cost of funds.

Cash and short-term investments at June 30, 2025 totaled \$15.2 billion, an increase of \$3.3 billion, or 28%, from December 31, 2024. As a result, cash and short-term investments as a percent of total cash and investments increased to 41% at June 30, 2025, compared to 36% at December 31, 2024.

The Bank purchases U.S. Treasury obligations as trading securities to enhance its liquidity. Such securities outstanding at June 30, 2025 totaled \$1.1 billion, an increase of \$9 million, or 1%, from December 31, 2024.

Liquidity investments at June 30, 2025 totaled \$16.3 billion, an increase of \$3.4 billion, or 26%, from December 31, 2024.

Other Investment Securities. AFS securities at June 30, 2025 totaled \$14.6 billion, a net increase of \$258 million, or 2%, from December 31, 2024.

Net unrealized losses on AFS securities, excluding the portion of the changes in fair value that are attributable to the risks being hedged in fair-value hedging relationships, at June 30, 2025 totaled \$28 million, compared to net unrealized gains at December 31, 2024 of \$12 million, reflecting generally offsetting changes in interest rates, credit spreads and volatility.

HTM securities at June 30, 2025 totaled \$6.0 billion, a net increase of \$160 million, or 3%, from December 31, 2024, substantially due to purchases of GSE single-family MBS.

Net unrecognized losses on HTM securities at June 30, 2025 totaled \$49 million, a decrease in the net losses of \$6 million compared to December 31, 2024, primarily due to changes in interest rates, credit spreads and volatility.

<u>Interest-Rate Payment Terms.</u> Our other investment securities are presented below by interest-rate payment terms (\$ amounts in millions).

	June 30, 2025			December 31, 2024			
Interest Date Barraget Terms	Ar	Amortized		A	Amortized	0/ of Total	
Interest-Rate Payment Terms		Cost	% of Total		Cost	% of Total	
AFS Securities ¹ :							
Total non-MBS fixed-rate	\$	7,369	50 %	\$	7,260	51 %	
Total MBS fixed-rate		7,266	50 %		7,078	49 %	
Total AFS securities	\$	14,635	100 %	\$	14,338	100 %	
HTM Securities:							
Total non-MBS fixed-rate	\$	60	1 %	\$	48	1 %	
Total MBS fixed-rate		194	3 %		195	3 %	
Total MBS variable-rate		5,745	96 %		5,596	96 %	
Total HTM securities	\$	5,999	100 %	\$	5,839	100 %	
AFS and HTM securities:							
Total fixed-rate	\$	14,889	72 %	\$	14,581	72 %	
Total variable-rate		5,745	28 %		5,596	28 %	
Total AFS and HTM securities	\$	20,634	100 %	\$	20,177	100 %	

Carrying value for AFS is equal to estimated fair value.

The mix of fixed- vs. variable-rate AFS and HTM securities at June 30, 2025 did not change from December 31, 2024. However, all of the fixed-rate AFS securities are swapped to effectively create variable-rate securities, consistent with our balance sheet strategies to manage interest-rate risk. All of our variable-rate MBS are indexed to SOFR.

Total Liabilities. Total liabilities at June 30, 2025 were \$86.7 billion, a net increase of \$6.4 billion, or 8%, from December 31, 2024.

<u>Deposits (Liabilities)</u>. Total deposits at June 30, 2025 were \$770 million, a net decrease of \$143 million, or 16%, from December 31, 2024. These deposits provide a relatively small portion of our funding but can fluctuate from period to period and vary depending upon such factors as the attractiveness of our deposit pricing relative to the rates available on alternative money market instruments, members' preferences with respect to the maturity of their investments, and members' liquidity. The balances of these accounts are uninsured.

<u>Consolidated Obligations</u>. The overall balance of our consolidated obligations fluctuates in relation to our total assets. The carrying value of consolidated obligations outstanding at June 30, 2025 totaled \$83.9 billion, a net increase of \$5.8 billion, or 7%, from December 31, 2024, which reflected increased funding needs associated with the net increase in the Bank's total assets.

The following table presents a breakdown by term of our consolidated obligations outstanding (\$ amounts in millions).

		June 30	, 2025	December 31, 2024			
Term	Pa	ar Value	% of Total	P	ar Value	% of Total	
Consolidated obligations due in 1 year or less:							
Discount notes	\$	30,324	36 %	\$	25,294	32 %	
CO bonds		22,662	27 %		21,863	28 %	
Total due in 1 year or less		52,986	63 %		47,157	60 %	
Long-term CO bonds		31,657	37 %		31,997	40 %	
Total consolidated obligations	\$	84,643	100 %	\$	79,154	100 %	

The mix of our funding changed from December 31, 2024 as discount notes outstanding increased, consistent with the increase in short-term investments. We continue to seek to maintain a sufficient liquidity and funding balance between our financial assets and financial liabilities.

At June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, callable CO bonds were 48% and 49% of total CO bonds outstanding, respectively.

At June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, 65% and 72%, respectively, of our fixed-rate CO bonds were swapped using derivative instruments to effectively create variable-rate CO bonds, consistent with our balance sheet strategies to manage interest-rate risk. All of our variable-rate CO bonds outstanding at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 were indexed to SOFR.

<u>Derivatives.</u> The volume of derivative hedges is often expressed in terms of notional amounts, which is the amount upon which interest payments are calculated.

The following table presents the notional amounts by type of hedged item regardless of whether it is in a qualifying hedge relationship (\$ amounts in millions).

Hedged Item	 June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024		
Advances	\$ 22,912	\$ 22,904		
Investments	16,751	17,467		
Mortgage loans MDCs	777	216		
CO bonds	20,808	26,644		
Discount notes	7,888	11,982		
Total notional outstanding	\$ 69,136	\$ 79,213		

The total notional amount outstanding at June 30, 2025 decreased compared to the amount outstanding at December 31, 2024. The decrease in derivatives hedging CO bonds was driven primarily by a decrease in fixed-rate CO bonds outstanding and the decrease in economic derivatives hedging discount notes was to manage the impact of actual and anticipated changes in short-term interest rates.

The following table presents the cumulative impact of fair-value hedging basis adjustments on our statement of condition (\$ amounts in millions).

	June 30, 2025							
	Adv	ances	AFS	Securities	C	O Bonds		Total
Cumulative fair-value hedging basis gains (losses) on hedged items	\$	26	\$	(492)	\$	635	\$	169
Estimated fair value of associated derivatives, net		(26)		618		(633)		(41)
Net cumulative fair-value hedging gains	\$		\$	126	\$	2	\$	128

Substantially all of the net cumulative fair-value hedging gains on AFS securities resulted from a previous strategy of terminating certain interest-rate swaps associated with certain MBS and entering into hedging relationships with new interest-rate swaps in connection with our transition from the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). Such gains include hedging basis adjustments that are being amortized into earnings as interest expense over the life of the original swap, but are generally being offset by the lower interest expense on the new swaps.

Total Capital. Total capital at June 30, 2025 was \$4.3 billion, a net increase of \$80 million, or 2%, from December 31, 2024. The net increase resulted primarily from members' purchases of capital stock to support their advance activity and the growth in retained earnings, offset by the Bank's repurchases of capital stock in the first quarter and a net increase in accumulated other comprehensive (loss).

The following table presents a percentage breakdown of the components of GAAP capital.

Components	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Capital stock	61 %	60 %
Retained earnings	40 %	40 %
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(1)%	%
Total GAAP capital	100 %	100 %

The changes in the components of GAAP capital at June 30, 2025 compared to December 31, 2024 were primarily due to the net change in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) resulting from an increase in unrealized losses on AFS securities.

The following table presents a reconciliation of GAAP capital to regulatory capital (\$ amounts in millions).

Reconciliation	June	30, 2025	December 31, 2024		
Total GAAP capital	\$	4,315	\$	4,235	
Exclude: Accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss		43		4	
Include: MRCS		292		363	
Total regulatory capital	\$	4,650	\$	4,602	

Liquidity

Our primary sources of liquidity are holdings of liquid assets, comprised of cash, short-term investments, and trading securities, as well as the issuance of consolidated obligations.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, we maintained sufficient access to funding; our net proceeds from the issuance of consolidated obligations totaled \$422.4 billion.

Changes in Cash Flow. Net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was \$(291) million, compared to net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2024 of \$553 million. The net decrease in cash provided of \$(844) million was substantially due to the fluctuation in variation margin payments on cleared derivatives. Such payments are treated by the Clearinghouses as daily settled contracts.

Capital Resources

Total Regulatory Capital Stock. The following table provides a breakdown of our outstanding capital stock and MRCS by type of member (\$ amounts in millions).

,	June 30, 2025			r 31, 2024	
Type of Member	 Amount	% of Total	Amount	% of Total	
Capital Stock:					
Depository institutions:					
Commercial banks and savings institutions	\$ 1,282	45 %	\$ 1,245	43 %	
Credit unions	505	17 %	488	17 %	
Total depository institutions	1,787	62 %	1,733	60 %	
Insurance companies	825	28 %	822	28 %	
CDFIs		— %		— %	
Total capital stock, putable at par value	2,612	90 %	2,555	88 %	
MRCS:					
Depository institutions	290	10 %	345	11 %	
Insurance companies	 2	%	18	1 %	
Total MRCS	292	10 %	363	12 %	
Total regulatory capital stock	\$ 2,904	100 %	\$ 2,918	100 %	

Required and Excess Capital Stock. The following table presents the composition of our regulatory capital stock (\$ amounts in millions).

Components	June 30, 2025		Decen	nber 31, 2024
Required capital stock:				
Member capital stock	\$	2,122	\$	2,054
MRCS		73		73
Total required capital stock		2,195		2,127
Excess capital stock:				
Member capital stock not subject to outstanding redemption requests		490		498
Member capital stock subject to outstanding redemption requests				3
MRCS		219		290
Total excess capital stock		709		791
Total regulatory capital stock	\$	2,904	\$	2,918
Excess stock as a percentage of regulatory capital stock		24 %		27 %

The net decrease in total regulatory capital stock was substantially due to the Bank voluntarily repurchasing excess capital stock of \$200 million during the six months ended June 30, 2025, partially offset by members' purchases of capital stock to support their advance activity.

Capital Distributions. The following table summarizes the weighted-average dividend rate paid on our Class B stock and dividend payout ratio.

	Three Months En	ded June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2025	2024	2025	2024		
Weighted-average dividend rate ¹	7.87 %	7.87 %	7.84 %	7.64 %		
Dividend payout ratio ²	56.87 %	53.39 %	62.25 %	49.88 %		

Annualized dividends paid in cash during the period, including the portion recorded as interest expense on MRCS, divided by the average amount of Class B stock eligible for dividends under our capital plan, including MRCS, for that same period.

Adequacy of Capital. We must maintain sufficient permanent capital to meet the combined credit risk, market risk and operational risk components of the risk-based capital requirement.

The following table presents our risk-based capital requirement in relation to our permanent capital at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 (\$ amounts in millions).

Risk-Based Capital Components	June 30, 2025			nber 31, 2024
Credit risk	\$	194	\$	181
Market risk		714		649
Operational risk		273		249
	_			
Total risk-based capital requirement	\$	1,181	\$	1,079
Permanent capital	\$	4,650	\$	4,602
Permanent capital as a percentage of required risk-based capital		394 %		427 %

The increase in our total risk-based capital requirement was primarily caused by an increase in the market risk component due to changes in the market rate environment and balance sheet composition. The operational risk component is calculated as 30% of the credit and market risk components. Our permanent capital at June 30, 2025 remained well in excess of our total risk-based capital requirement.

Critical Accounting Estimates

A full discussion of our critical accounting estimates is included in *Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Estimates* in our 2024 Form 10-K.

Dividends paid in cash during the period, excluding the portion recorded as interest expense on MRCS, divided by net income for that same period.

Recent Accounting and Regulatory Developments

Accounting Developments. For a description of how recent accounting developments may impact our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows, see *Notes to Financial Statements - Note 2 - Recently Adopted and Issued Accounting Guidance*.

Legislative and Regulatory Developments. We are subject to various legal and regulatory requirements and priorities. Certain actions by the current federal executive administration are changing the regulatory environment including regulatory priorities and areas of focus such as deregulation, which have affected, and likely will continue to affect, certain aspects of our business operations, and could have impacts on our results of operations and reputation.

Beginning in the second quarter of 2025, the Finance Agency: (i) modified several advisory bulletins applicable to the Bank, including with respect to expectations related to diversity practices with service providers; (ii) rescinded guidance and other requirements relating to fair lending and fair housing reporting and unfair or deceptive acts or practices compliance, and issued a proposal to repeal the Fair Lending, Fair Housing, and Equitable Housing Finance Plans regulation; and (iii) designated the number of directorships for each of the FHLBanks across the System starting January 1, 2026, reducing the number of independent director seats for the Bank to six from seven, as discussed in the Bank's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 21, 2025.

Considering the changes in the regulatory environment, there is uncertainty with respect to the ultimate nature and result of future regulatory actions and their ultimate impact on us and the FHLBank System. For further discussion of related risks, see *Item 1A. Risk Factors - Business Risk - Legislative and Regulatory - Changes in the Legislative and Regulatory Environment for FHLBanks, Our Members, Our Debt Underwriters and Investors, or Other Housing GSEs May Adversely Affect Our Business, Demand for Products, the Cost of Debt Issuance, and the Value of FHLBank Membership in our 2024 Form 10-K.*

Interim Final Rule Extending Compliance Dates for Small Business Lending Rule. On June 18, 2025, the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ("CFPB") issued the interim rule extending compliance with the small business lending rule which would require financial institutions to compile, maintain, and submit to the CFPB certain data on applications for credit for small businesses, which are businesses with less than \$5 million in gross annual revenue in the preceding fiscal year. While we are still analyzing the impact of the final rule, we do not believe any changes will have a material effect on us and our operations.

Risk Management

We have exposure to a number of risks in pursuing our business objectives. These risks may be broadly classified as market, credit, liquidity, operational, and business. Market risk is discussed in *Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk*. For additional information, see *Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Risk Management* in our 2024 Form 10-K.

Credit Risk Management. We face credit risk on advances and other credit products, investments, mortgage loans, derivative financial instruments, and AHP grants.

Advances and Other Credit Products.

Concentration. Our credit risk is magnified due to the concentration of advances in a few borrowers. As of June 30, 2025, our top borrower held 13% of total advances outstanding, at par, and our top five borrowers held 41% of total advances outstanding, at par.

The following table presents the par value of advances outstanding to our largest borrowers (\$ amounts in millions).

	June 30, 2025						
Borrower		Amount	% of Total				
Old National Bank	\$	5,276	13 %				
Merchants Bank of Indiana		3,686	9 %				
Delaware Life Insurance Company		2,893	7 %				
The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company		2,890	7 %				
First National Bank of America		2,121	5 %				
Subtotal - five largest borrowers		16,866	41 %				
Next five largest borrowers		7,640	18 %				
Remaining borrowers		16,816	41 %				
Total advances, par value	\$	41,322	100 %				

Because of this concentration in advances, we perform frequent credit and collateral reviews on our largest borrowers. In addition, we regularly analyze the implications to our financial management and profitability if we were to lose the business of one or more of these borrowers.

<u>Investments</u>. We are also exposed to credit risk through our investment portfolio. Our policies restrict the acquisition of investments to high-quality, short-term money market instruments and high-quality long-term securities.

The following table presents the unsecured investment credit exposure to private counterparties, categorized by the domicile of the counterparty's ultimate parent, based on the lowest of the counterparty's NRSRO long-term credit ratings, stated in terms of the S&P equivalent. The table does not reflect the foreign sovereign government's credit rating (\$ amounts in millions).

	June 30, 2025					
Country	AA A			Total		
Domestic	\$	500	\$	767	\$	1,267
Australia		1,300				1,300
Canada		_		1,230		1,230
Finland		1,114				1,114
Germany		350		_		350
Netherlands				150		150
Total unsecured credit exposure	\$	3,264	\$	2,147	\$	5,411

Trading Securities. Our liquidity portfolio includes shorter-term U.S. Treasury obligations, which are direct obligations of the U.S. government and are classified as trading securities.

Other Investment Securities. Our long-term investments include MBS guaranteed by the housing GSEs (Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac), other U.S. obligations - guaranteed MBS (Ginnie Mae), longer-term U.S. Treasury obligations, debentures issued by Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, the TVA and the Federal Farm Credit Banks, and state housing agency obligations.

A Finance Agency regulation provides that the total amount of our investments in MBS, calculated using amortized historical cost excluding the impact of certain derivatives adjustments, must not exceed 300% of our total regulatory capital, as of the day we purchase the securities, based on the capital amount most recently reported to the Finance Agency. If our outstanding investments in MBS exceed the limitation at any time, but were in compliance at the time we purchased the investments, we would not be considered out of compliance with the regulation, but we would not be permitted to purchase additional investments in MBS until these outstanding investments were within the limitation. Generally, our goal is to maintain investments in MBS near the 300% regulatory limit in order to enhance earnings and capital for our members and diversify our revenue stream. At June 30, 2025, these investments totaled 292% of total regulatory capital.

The following table presents the carrying values of our investments, excluding accrued interest, grouped by credit rating and investment category. Applicable rating levels are determined using the lowest relevant long-term rating from S&P and Moody's, each stated in terms of the S&P equivalent. Rating modifiers are ignored when determining the applicable rating level for a given counterparty. Amounts reported do not reflect any subsequent changes in ratings, outlook, or watch status (\$ amounts in millions).

	June 30, 2025							
Investment Category	AA		A		Unrated ¹			Total
Short-term investments:								
Interest-bearing deposits	\$	500	\$	767	\$	_	\$	1,267
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		6,000		3,300		400		9,700
Federal funds sold		2,764		1,380				4,144
Total short-term investments		9,264		5,447		400		15,111
Trading securities:								
U.S. Treasury obligations		1,097		_		_		1,097
Total trading securities		1,097						1,097
Other investment securities:								
U.S. Treasury obligations		5,867				_		5,867
GSE and TVA debentures		1,509		_		_		1,509
State housing agency obligations		60				_		60
GSE MBS		9,791		_		_		9,791
Other U.S. obligations-guaranteed MBS		3,380						3,380
Total other investment securities		20,607		_		_		20,607
Total investments, carrying value	\$	30,968	\$	5,447	\$	400	\$	36,815
Percentage of total		84 %		15 %		1 %		100 %

Although the counterparty is unrated, the underlying collateral supporting these investments are U.S. Treasury obligations with a rating of AA.

LRA. The following table presents the changes in the LRA (\$ amounts in millions).

	Six Mont	ths Ended
LRA Activity	June 3	0, 2025
Liability, beginning of period	\$	262
Additions		21
Claims paid		_
Distributions to Participating Financial Institutions		(8)
Liability, end of period	\$	275

Mortgage Loan Concentration. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, our top-selling PFI sold us mortgage loans totaling \$178 million, or 10% of the total mortgage loans that we purchased. Our five top-selling PFIs sold us 43% of the total. Because of this concentration, we regularly analyze the implications to our financial management and profitability if we were to lose the business of one or more of these sellers.

The properties underlying the mortgage loans in our portfolio are dispersed across 50 states, the District of Columbia and the Virgin Islands, with concentrations in Michigan and Indiana, the two states in our district.

The following table presents the percentage of UPB of conventional loans outstanding for the five largest state concentrations.

State	June 30, 2025
Michigan	40 %
Indiana	35 %
California	3 %
Florida	2 %
Kentucky	2 %
All others	18 %
Total	100 %

<u>Derivatives.</u> The following table presents key information on derivative positions with counterparties on a settlement date basis using the lower credit rating from S&P and Moody's, stated in terms of the S&P equivalent (\$ amounts in millions).

	June 30, 2025								
Counterparty and Credit Rating		Notional Amount		Net Estimated Fair Value Before Collateral	Cash Collateral Pledged To (From) Counterparties		Net Credit Exposure		
Non-member counterparties:									
Asset positions with credit exposure									
Uncleared derivatives - A	\$	2,264	\$	14	\$ (13)	\$	1		
Liability positions with credit exposure									
Uncleared derivatives - AA		544		(14)	14				
Uncleared derivatives - A		18,174		(369)	371		2		
Cleared derivatives ¹		34,885		(19)	460		441		
Total derivative positions with credit exposure to non-member counterparties		55,867		(388)	832		444		
Total derivative positions with credit exposure to member institutions ²		110		1	_		1		
Subtotal - derivative positions with credit									
exposure		55,977	\$	(387)	\$ 832	\$	445		
Derivative positions without credit exposure ³		13,159							
Total derivative positions	\$	69,136							

Represents derivative transactions cleared by two Clearinghouses, each rated AA-.

² Includes MDCs from member institutions under our MPP.

Represents derivative transactions in which the counterparty has the credit exposure.

Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Measuring Market Risks

MVE/book value of equity

Duration of equity

To evaluate market risk we utilize multiple risk measurements, including Value-at-Risk, duration of equity, convexity, changes in MVE and earnings at risk. Periodically, we conduct stress tests to measure and analyze the effects that extreme movements in the level of interest rates and the shape of the yield curve would have on our risk position.

Inno 20 2025

95.7 %

1.9

93.8 %

2.1

91.8 %

2.3

Key Metrics. The following table presents certain market and interest-rate metrics under different interest-rate scenarios (\$ amounts in millions).

	June 30, 2025								
Key Metric	Do	own 200		Oown 100		Base	Up 100		Up 200
MVE	\$	4,598	\$	4,534	\$	4,465	\$ 4,405	\$	4,366
Percent change in MVE from base		3.0 %		1.5 %		%	(1.3)%		(2.2)%
MVE/book value of equity		99.8 %		98.4 %		96.9 %	95.6 %		94.8 %
Duration of equity		1.2		1.5		1.4	1.5		0.4
	December 31, 2024								
Key Metric	De	own 200	Γ	Oown 100		Base	Up 100		Up 200
MVE	\$	4,535	\$	4,478	\$	4,398	\$ 4,314	\$	4,222
Percent change in MVE from base		3.1 %		1.8 %		%	(1.9)%		(4.0)%

The changes in these key metrics from December 31, 2024 resulted primarily from the changes in market values of the Bank's assets and liabilities in response to changes in the market environment, model updates, changes in portfolio composition and our hedging strategies.

97.4 %

1.6

98.6 %

1.1

For additional information about our use of derivative hedges, see *Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk - Use of Derivative Hedges* in our 2024 Form 10-K.

Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is: (a) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms; and (b) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, and principal accounting officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

As of June 30, 2025, we conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (the principal executive officer), Chief Financial Officer (the principal financial officer) and Chief Accounting Officer (the principal accounting officer), of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act. In making this assessment, our management used the criteria established in Internal Control — Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 30, 2025.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting, as defined in rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d)-15(f) of the Exchange Act, that occurred during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls. We do not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures and other internal controls will prevent all error and fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can only be reasonable assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Additionally, over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In the ordinary course of business, we may from time to time become a party to lawsuits involving various business matters. We are unaware of any lawsuits presently pending which, individually or in the aggregate, could have a material effect on our financial condition or results of operations.

Item 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes in the risk factors described in *Item 1A. Risk Factors* of our 2024 Form 10-K.

Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Not applicable.

Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

Not applicable.

Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

Item 6. EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
31.1	Certification of the President - Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes- Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of the Executive Vice President - Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.3	Certification of the Senior Vice President - Chief Accounting Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32	Certification of the President - Chief Executive Officer, Executive Vice President - Chief Financial Officer, and Senior Vice President - Chief Accounting Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK OF INDIANAPOLIS

August 7, 2025 By: /s/ STEPHANIE L. LESNET

Name: Stephanie L. Lesnet

Title: Senior Vice President - Chief Accounting Officer

Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- I, Cindy L. Konich, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2025

By: /s/ CINDY L. KONICH

Name: Cindy L. Konich

Title: President - Chief Executive Officer

Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- I, Gregory L. Teare, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f)) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2025

By: /s/ GREGORY L. TEARE

Name: Gregory L. Teare

Title: Executive Vice President - Chief Financial Officer

Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- I, Stephanie L. Lesnet, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2025

By: /s/ STEPHANIE L. LESNET

Name: Stephanie L. Lesnet

Title: Senior Vice President - Chief Accounting Officer

SECTION 1350 CERTIFICATIONS

In connection with the quarterly report of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis ("Bank") on Form 10-Q for the period ended June 30, 2025, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof ("Report"), each of the undersigned officers certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Bank.

By: /s/ CINDY L. KONICH

Cindy L. Konich President - Chief Executive Officer August 7, 2025

By: /s/ GREGORY L. TEARE

Gregory L. Teare Executive Vice President - Chief Financial Officer August 7, 2025

By: /s/ STEPHANIE L. LESNET

Stephanie L. Lesnet Senior Vice President - Chief Accounting Officer August 7, 2025